

2021

NEVADA

# FISHING

GUIDE



- » Fishing Above Tahoe – Page 6
- » Kayak Fishing: A Close-Up Experience – Page 14
- » Photos of you! Look who got outside – Page 53





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# NEVADA FISHING GUIDE

## CONTENTS

Licenses, Permits and Fees .....	4
Fishing Above Tahoe .....	6
The Horse is Back .....	10
Kayak Fishing Offers Anglers a Close-Up Experience .....	14
Selected Game Fish of Nevada .....	16
Regional Fish Stocking Reports .....	18
Fishable Waters Maps .....	20
Species List by Region, ADA locations, and AIS Inspection Stations	
Statewide Regulations .....	32
Reglas de Pesca .....	34
Accessible (ADA) Fishing in Nevada .....	37
Eastern .....	38
Southern .....	42
Western .....	44
Wildlife Management Area Regulations .....	48
Boating Regulations .....	50
Look Who Got Online and Got Outside .....	53
Nevada "Native Fish Slam" Entry Form .....	54
Trophy Fish Entry .....	55
Record Fish of Nevada .....	56

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### ON THE COVER:

Eight-year-old Kenzy Abalos made the most of her trip to South  
Fork Reservoir this summer, pulling in her very first fish. Photo by  
her dad, Michael Wright.

## CONGRATULATIONS

to the winners of  
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## FREE FISHING DAY

June 12, 2021



### NOTE:

Changes to regulations are marked in **blue, bold italics**.



## DIRECTOR'S MESSAGE

What is it about fishing? What lies inside us and compels us to use a hook and line to pursue what lurks beneath the surface of the water? For some of us it has been a lifelong desire to get outside and go fishing. For others, it is a relatively new craving. The benefits are multiple. Outdoor relaxation, exercise, stress relief, healthy food, and simply enjoying nature. Sometimes those things are part of the drive to go fishing, but for many of us there remains something deeper and more visceral. For me, it's all about anticipation. The anticipation is almost always present. I anticipate about all aspects of the fishing event. I anticipate the temperature, the scenery, the cast, the bite, the fight, the quarry, and the post-event satisfaction, fatigue, and meal, when warranted. I have given considerable thought to what inspires me to fish. Why do I enjoy fishing or even contemplating the adventure? Anticipation. This year's Fishing Guide contains a wealth of information to fuel your anticipations. There is a section that shares everything that one needs to pursue trout in the high lakes above Lake Tahoe, an article highlighting the recent recovery of the fishery at Wildhorse Reservoir, and a how-to article detailing the unique opportunities created by kayak fishing. In addition to those three articles, this Fishing Guide contains regional stocking reports along with detailed fishable water maps from each of the state's three regions. Perhaps the most useful tool in anticipating your next fishing adventure can be found on page 19 of this guide. This page highlights the new FishNV mapping tool that is an interactive program that helps you learn where fishable waters are located, which species of fish can be caught in those waters, and the record for each species found in those waters. There is nothing that stirs my anticipation quite like the tease of a new water, adventure of an unknown outcome, or capturing a new species record for a given water. Enjoy all the 2021 Fishing Guide has to offer, let your past experiences and future desires fuel your fishing anticipations, get out there and never lose touch.

**Tony Wasley**  
Director, Nevada Department of Wildlife



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This guide is also  
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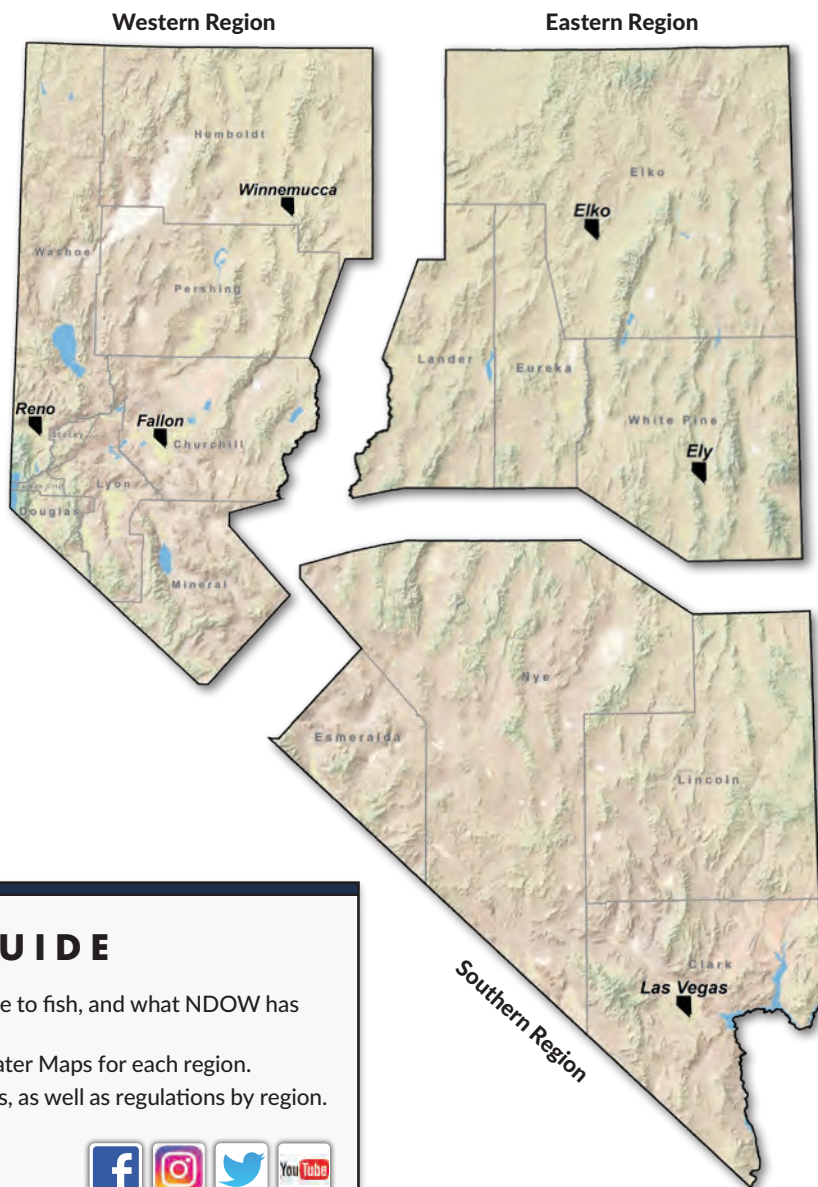
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## HOW TO USE THIS GUIDE

1. The first part of the guide has stories about where to fish, and what NDOW has been doing to improve fishing in Nevada.
2. The center of the Guide includes our Fishable Water Maps for each region.
3. The back of the Guide has our general regulations, as well as regulations by region.

### Thanks for reading! Still want more?

Visit [ndow.org](http://ndow.org) or follow us on social media!



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Diversity Program Manager  
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MS: 7072-43  
Arlington, VA 22203



This publication contains only a synopsis of the fishing laws for the state of Nevada. Complete text of the laws and regulations may be obtained by contacting the Nevada Department of Wildlife or by checking our website at [www.ndow.org](http://www.ndow.org). Fishing regulations are effective Jan. 1, 2021 - Dec. 31, 2021.



# NEVADA FISHING LICENSES, PERMITS AND FEES

Purchase your license at [www.ndowlicensing.com](http://www.ndowlicensing.com).

## RESIDENT COMBINATION LICENSE FEES

Combination licenses are valid for fishing and hunting. Hunter privileges are not valid without completing a certified hunter education course, and proper documentation has been submitted to NDOW.

LICENSE	DESCRIPTION	TOTAL VALUE
Combination License	Valid for 1 year beginning the date of purchase. For persons 18 years of age and older at the time of purchase.	\$75.00
Serviceman's Specialty Combination License	Valid for 1 year beginning the date of purchase. For Nevada residents who are on active duty outside of Nevada. Applicant must show evidence of his or her duty assignment or show leave papers to the license agent.	\$15.00
Severe Disability Specialty Combination License *	Valid for 1 year beginning the date of purchase. Initial application through NDOW only.	\$15.00
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Youth Combination License ** Youth Fishing License	Valid for 1 year beginning the date of purchase. For persons at least 12 years of age but less than 18 years of age at time of purchase. <i>Youth Fishing License is offered only as the Youth Combination License.</i>	\$15.00
Senior Specialty Combination License	Valid for 1 year beginning the date of purchase. For persons 65 years of age or older with 5 years of continuous Nevada residency at the time of purchase.	\$15.00

\* – Require first-time applicants to apply through NDOW offices only. Once their application is on file, these license holders will then be able to apply for future year's licenses online at [ndowlicensing.com](http://ndowlicensing.com).

\*\* – Hunter privileges are not valid without completing a certified hunter education course, and proper documentation has been submitted to NDOW.

## RESIDENT FISHING LICENSE FEES

LICENSE	DESCRIPTION	TOTAL VALUE
Fishing License	Valid for 1 year beginning the date of purchase. For persons 18 years of age or older at the time of purchase.	\$40.00
1-Day Fishing Permit	Valid until midnight of the date specified.	\$9.00
	Each Consecutive Day Added to a 1-Day Permit	\$3.00

Youth Fishing License is offered only as the Youth Combination License. See Resident Combination License Fees above.

## NONRESIDENT COMBINATION LICENSE FEES

Combination licenses are valid for fishing and hunting. Hunter privileges are not valid without completing a certified hunter education course, and proper documentation has been submitted to NDOW.

LICENSE	DESCRIPTION	TOTAL VALUE
Combination License	Valid for 1 year beginning the date of purchase. For persons 18 years of age and older at the time of purchase.	\$155.00
Youth Combination License * Youth Fishing License	Valid for 1 year beginning the date of purchase. For persons at least 12 years of age but less than 18 years of age upon payment. <i>Youth Fishing License is offered only as the Youth Combination License.</i>	\$15.00
1-Day Permit to Fish and hunt upland game birds and migratory game birds	Valid until midnight of the date specified.	\$23.00
	Each Consecutive Day Added to 1-Day Permit to Fish and Hunt Upland and Migratory Game Birds.	\$8.00

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## NONRESIDENT FISHING LICENSE FEES

LICENSE	DESCRIPTION	TOTAL VALUE
Fishing License	Valid for 1 year beginning the date of purchase. For persons 18 years of age and older at the time of purchase.	\$80.00
Interstate Boundary Water License	Valid for 1 year beginning the date of purchase. (To fish solely in the reciprocal waters of the Colorado River, Lake Mead, Lake Mohave, Lake Tahoe and Topaz Lake)	\$30.00
1-Day Fishing Permit	Valid until midnight of the date specified.	\$18.00
	Each Consecutive Day Added to a 1-Day Permit	\$7.00

## NEVADA SPECIAL FISHING PERMIT

LICENSE	DESCRIPTION	TOTAL VALUE
Nevada Special Fishing Permit	Eligible non-profits include: clubs, foundations, programs, educational institutions or other social groups operated for the benefit of children or that will use the permit for the benefit of adults with disabilities; for mental health facilities, facilities for juveniles, rehabilitation, older persons, and foster care facilities. Permits for entire non-profit organization when supervised by the non-profit officer or employee with a valid fishing license. New applicants submit descriptive letter of services provided by their institution or organization, and documented proof of non-profit status. Issued through NDOW Headquarters Office only.	\$25.00



## QUALIFICATIONS FOR RESIDENT LICENSES, TAGS AND PERMITS

A person is considered to be a resident of the State of Nevada if he is a citizen of, or is lawfully entitled to remain in, the United States, and during the six months next preceding his application to the Department for a license, tag or permit, he maintained his principal and permanent residence in this State; was physically present in this State, except for temporary absences; and did not purchase or apply for any resident license, tag or permit to hunt, fish or trap in another state, country or province. A person who does not maintain his principal and permanent residence in Nevada but who is attending an institution of higher learning in this State as a full-time student is eligible for a resident license, tag or permit if, during the six months next preceding his application to the Department for a license, tag or permit, he: was physically present in Nevada, except for temporary trips outside of the State, and did not purchase or apply for any resident license, tag or permit to hunt, fish or trap in another state, country or province. A resident

license, tag or permit issued by this State is void if the person to whom it was issued establishes or maintains his principal and permanent residence in and obtains any hunting, fishing or trapping privilege or entitlement conditional on residency from another state, country or province. Principal and permanent residence means a place where a person is legally domiciled and maintains a permanent habitation in which he lives and to which he intends to return when he leaves the state in which the permanent habitation is located. The term does not include merely owning a residence in the state. (Refer to NRS 502.015)

### SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER

Laws regarding child support mandate that any person who is required by federal law to have a social security number must provide the number to obtain a business, occupational or recreational license. Federal Law – Public Law 104 – 193; Nevada Statute – NRS 502.063, 503.5833, 504.390.

### ACTIVE MEMBERS OF THE ARMED FORCES

Active members, permanently assigned to the state of Nevada and spouses and dependents, may obtain a fishing license at the same cost as Nevada residents. (Refer to NRS 502.070)



## PULL YOUR PLUG



### CLEAN, DRAIN & DRY YOUR WATERCRAFT

**PULL YOUR PLUG** – NAC 488.526 requires the owner, operator or person in control of any vessel must ensure that the drain plugs, drain valves and any other devices used to control the draining of water remain open while transporting the vessel on public roads in the State of Nevada.

#### CLEAN

Remove all mud, plants and animals from every part of your boat.



#### DRAIN

Remove all drain plugs and water from your boat including live-wells, ballast, hull, and engine-cooling water when you leave the waterbody.



#### DRY

Allow boat, equipment, and gear to completely dry before deploying into another waterway.







# FISHING ABOVE TAHOE

By Jan Nemec  
Western Region Angler Education Coordinator

Spooner Lake, Marlette Lake, and Hobart Reservoir are located inside the Spooner Lake Backcountry Park above the east shore of Lake Tahoe. The unique blend of access, trout species, special regulations, and amenities can offer anglers a different experience. Although they contrast in many ways, they all share breathtaking views and beautiful fish. All three are located inside the Lake Tahoe Nevada State Park, dotting the mountains that divide Carson City and Lake Tahoe. Rich in history, construction on the lakes began in 1873 to provide water to nearby Carson City and the mines of Virginia City.

Accessing the three lakes can include an easy drive, biking, hiking, multi-day pack trip, or 4WD trail and short walk. Camping is not allowed outside designated areas inside the 12,000-acre state park. For hikers looking to spend multiple days in the backcountry, Marlette Peak, North Canyon, and Hobart Reservoir offer improved campsites with bear lockers. Additional information on trails and camping can be found on the Nevada State Parks website at [Parks.nv.gov](http://Parks.nv.gov)

## SPOONER LAKE

Spooner Lake's family friendly access and amenities make it an excellent starting point at the park. The state park is accessed off Highway 28, just north of Highway 50 intersection at Spooner Summit. There is a fee for using the day use parking area which is open year-round from sunrise to sunset. Large restrooms, picnic tables, and barbeques are available just above the lake at the main parking area. Spooner Lake sits at an elevation of 6980 feet and serves as the trailhead to Marlette Lake. The lake is typically free of ice and fishable from May through October. Rainbow trout, tiger trout and cutthroat hybrid trout from eight to twelve inches are stocked in the spring and fall when fishing conditions are prime. Occasionally, anglers find good sized carry-over trout from the previous seasons stocking. It's good to note that Spooner is also home to huge populations of leech and tui-chub. Five fish may be taken from the lake with no size restrictions.





Spooner Lake

Fishing is best from shore at Spooner in the spring and fall due to shoreline vegetation, which can become thick in the summer making shore fishing more difficult. Fishing from shore before the vegetation takes over can be incredibly productive near or on the bottom. Power bait and other floating dough baits are best fished a few feet off the bottom anytime during the spring. Walking the shoreline casting small spinners into deeper water is also productive in the spring and early summer. Fly fishermen will find rising fish in the spring and summer along the shoreline early and late in the day. Bait fishing with salmon eggs or worms under a bobber is the only option to keep out of the vegetation once it fills in. Anglers using small boats and float tubes can find productive open water at Spooner through the summer heat. Channels in the vegetation can be found in open water to fish even during the warmest months from a boat. Small spinners and dark streamers slowly retrieved near the bottom in the channels are the best bet in the heat of summer. Freezing fall temperatures will slowly knock down the shoreline vegetation allowing again for shore fishing until the lake freezes.







Marlette Lake

## MARLETTE LAKE

There is no question Marlette rewards those willing to put in the work to get there. Marlette Lake sits at an elevation of 7841 feet and is only accessible on foot or by mountain bike. The parking area and trailhead to Marlette can be found at the main Spooner Lake parking area. There is no camping right at Marlette Lake but Marlette Peak offers camping a couple miles from the lake. The hike or ride to Marlette is roughly five and a half miles one way from the Spooner parking lot and the trail has a moderate incline. Mountain bikers utilize the vehicle access road that parallels the hiking trail to access the lake. Due to the high number of trails in the area, it is recommended that you familiarize yourself with the trail system before heading out.

Strict regulations are in place to protect the trout in Marlette Lake. Currently, NDOW artificially spawns the trout to raise the eggs at nearby Mason Valley Fish Hatchery. The fishing season runs from July 15 - Sept. 30 and the lake itself has only been open to fishing since 2006. Marlette and are open to catch and release fishing only. No bait is allowed at Marlette and any artificial flies or lures must only have a single barbless hook attached. Trophy rainbow, cutthroat, and brook trout are all possible at Marlette and fishing pressure is minimal. Boats without motors are allowed on the lake, but the hike really limits the load to float tubes.

Fishing techniques for Marlette are limited due to the short season and strict regulations. Spin fishermen casting small single-barbless spinners and spoons into deeper water can find fish all day. Fly fishermen will see rising fish in the shallows early and late in the day. Large midge dry and wet fly patterns are effective when fish are feeding near or on the surface. Leech and baitfish patterns fished in open water on



A solid rainbow trout from Marlette Lake's cold, clean waters.



sinking lines are a good way to find the larger fish. Crayfish fly and lure imitations fished along the rocky shore and near the dam work well if you're looking for a little cover.

## HOBART RESERVOIR

At an elevation of 7650 feet, Hobart is the smallest and arguably the easiest to fish of the three lakes. The fishing season is open from May 1 - Sept. 30 and special regulations only allow for single barbless artificial flies and lures to be used. No bait is allowed at Hobart. Licensed fishermen may take up to five trout from the lake of which only one may be longer than 14 inches. Several improved campsites and a vault toilet are available right at the lake near the dam.

Access to the lake is a challenge. Wet winters can produce deep snow drifts over the road limiting access until June. Heavy rains forcing quick spring snowmelt have washed the road in past years. From Carson City head west on Ash Canyon Road, follow Ash Canyon to the end of the pavement, then continue onto the improved dirt road towards the water towers. From the towers take the unimproved dirt road up the canyon. It's five hard miles up the steep 4WD trail to the main parking area at the locked gate. The gate to Ash Canyon Road is not open during the winter, closing in November and opening in the Spring when conditions permit. The Ash Canyon Road to Hobart is notoriously hard on vehicles and only recommended for high clearance 4WD vehicles with experienced drivers. Those without 4WD can hike the five miles from the lower parking area near Ash Canyon. From the gate, there's a quarter mile trail walk down to the lake. The road beyond the locked gate also leads down to the lake. Access information is posted on our fishing reports

Fishing at Hobart is rarely unproductive. The lake holds eager brook, rainbow, and tiger trout averaging 8-10 inches. Spin fishing is productive with small single barbless spinners through the early summer. As the summer vegetation takes hold, shore access can always be found at the dam. Spin fishermen regularly use small dry flies and nymphs with clear casting bubbles. Fly fishing with ants, adult damselfly, and other terrestrial dry flies along the shoreline can be really entertaining when there's no wind. Float tubes are commonly seen on the lake which can greatly increase access. Trolling small streamers and nymphs behind a float tube at Hobart is the closest you will find to a guarantee in fishing.



The average size brook trout remains fairly small, but what they lack in size, they make up for in numbers.



Hobart Reservoir is arguably the easiest place in the state to find the hybrid tiger trout.

Small trout are eager to eat terrestrial dry flies all season along the flooded shoreline.



# THE HORSE IS BACK!

Wildhorse Reservoir

By Joe Doucette  
Eastern Region Conservation Educator

For the past couple of years, fishing at Wildhorse Reservoir has been the best it has been in almost two decades. Creel surveys in 2019 showed that more than 35% of trout caught that year were 19 inches or better and approximately 65% of trout caught were 17 inches or better. The average size going from 14.9 inches in 2016 to 18.1 in December 2019!

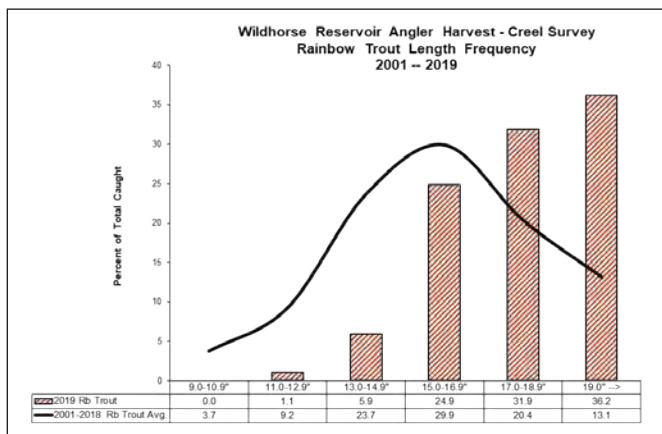
"The 2012 to 2015 drought had a devastating effect on Wildhorse Reservoir," says NDOW fisheries biologist Chris Drake. "At the end of the four-year drought the reservoir was at 10,000-acre feet going into the fall of 2015, which is approximately 14% of its capacity and things looked grim."

According to Drake, drought mitigation efforts during 2012-2015 resulted in reduced to no stocking, emergency/special regulation of lifting of limits of all trout species in 2013 and continued with lifting limits on all remaining game fish (catfish, wipers, bass, trout and yellow perch) through 2015.

In the fall of 2015, limited stocking began with 10,000 excess trout stocked in the hopes that winter would bring much needed moisture to the area. The gamble paid off as the snowpack was well over 100% in the basin and the lake started filling in the spring of 2016. By spring of 2017, it reached capacity and started spilling.

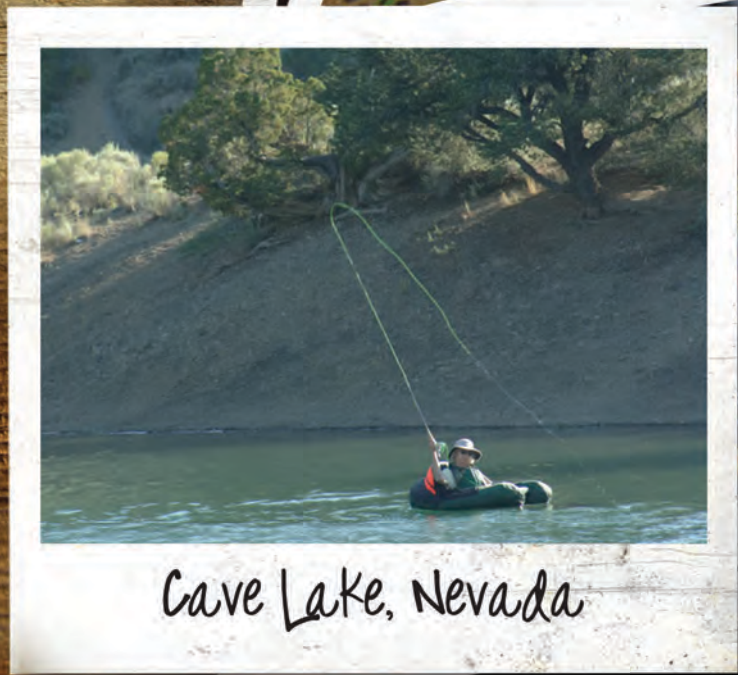


With two average or above average winters in a row, Wildhorse Reservoir was full and spilling by the spring of 2017.





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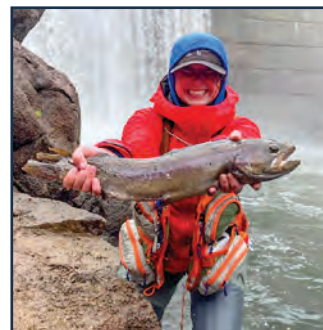




Boise, ID angler Micah Lauer with a quality rainbow he caught at Wildhorse Reservoir at the end of the drought.



Reno angler Wesley Ong with a nice wiper (striped bass x white bass hybrid) that he caught at Wildhorse. Wiper numbers are down, but NDOW hopes to stock more in the next couple of years.



Kassidy Arbillaga, of Elko, shows off this beautiful trout she caught in the tailwater below Wildhorse Dam in the spring of 2020. Reservoir sized fish can be found in the first half mile below the dam while smaller wild rainbows are found farther downstream.

Since 2016, rebuilding efforts has resulted in a minimum of 73,000 catchable size trout, 60,000 fingerling/sub-catchable size trout and 11,000 fingerling channel catfish stocked each year.

As they say, "a rising tide lifts all boats." Along with the benefits of improved habitat conditions to the trout species (rainbow, bowcutt, brown, tiger trout), the yellow perch are exhibiting robust population growth the last three years with good fishing reported for yellow perch the last two years and an average size of 10 inches for harvestable perch.

"During the drought years (and leading up to them), low water conditions meant poor spawning habitat for perch" Drake explained. "That combined with predation by wipers stocked for biological control of perch and other species (LahontanTui chub), kept the perch fishery suppressed."

Predation on yellow perch young-of-the-year minnows (YOY) has greatly benefitted the smallmouth bass, channel catfish and piscivorous trout species (bowcutt/cuttbow spp., tiger, brown and some larger rainbow trout) to achieve the larger size harvested by anglers over the past couple of years.

That being said, yellow perch have the potential to reproduce to numbers where they limit the available resources to both themselves and other gamefish species if left unchecked. Management of this species will continue to be the challenge for fishery managers trying to please both the perch anglers and those who prefer the larger, harder to catch game species.

According to Drake the improved spawning habitat, combined with the improved prey base, benefited the smallmouth bass spawn as well and both numbers and size of the harvest of smallmouth has improved over the past couple of years.

An overlooked part of the Wildhorse fishery is the tailwater below the dam. When the reservoir spills, reservoir sized fish are added to the East

Fork of the Owyhee river below Wildhorse. It's not uncommon to catch 15 to 20-inch trout along with smallmouth bass and wipers in the first ½ mile below the dam. Further down the stream a wild rainbow trout fishery has developed from the rainbows that were introduced from the reservoir.

What does this all this mean for Wildhorse anglers for 2021? "Fishing should only improve in 2021," says Drake. "Even if water levels drop, which we hope they won't, the stage is set for great fishing through the year. Water management by downstream users and Mother Nature will determine how the fishing is in the following years."

## HOW TO FISH IT

Most popular fishing styles and presentations work at Wildhorse. The usual plastic grubs, crank baits and minnow type lures are effective for bass as well as flies that imitate crawfish, leeches and minnows. For trout, bait anglers will have success using worms or cheese type prepared baits. Fly fishermen will have success with wooly buggers, balanced leeches, damselfly nymphs and most callibaetis nymphs and emergers. During the spring and the fall, midges make up a large percentage of the trout's diet and chironomid patterns under an indicator are very effective. Both shore and boat anglers should see success, though during the heat of the summer, boaters have an advantage. Yellow perch anglers should target coves and areas with vegetation and fish small rubber grubs or use worms under a bobber. Trout and perch are popular species targeted through the ice in January and February. Worms are the most popular bait for both species at that time with trout being found in shallower water (eight to 10 feet) and perch being fished for right off the bottom in 20 to 30 feet of water.

Limits for fish are: 5 trout, 1 black bass, 1 white bass hybrid (wiper) and 5 channel catfish. Currently there is no limit on yellow perch. Minimum size for black bass and white bass hybrids is 15 inches. However, no black bass may be kept between March 1 and June 30 when catch and release fishing only is allowed for black bass.

## HOW TO GET THERE

Getting to Wildhorse is very easy. It lies 65 miles north of the town of Elko on SR 225. No matter which part of the state you come from, eventually get on I-80 and take exit 301. Head north on SR 225 and an hour later the road skirts the northeast side of the lake. You can exit into Wildhorse SRA to the west of the road where the campground is open year-round on a first come, first served basis with showers and bathrooms available to registered campers. A well maintained boat launch and dock are available during the warmer times of the year for a small fee.



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# KAYAK FISHING OFFERS ANGLERS A CLOSE-UP EXPERIENCE

By Doug Nielsen  
Southern Region Conservation Educator

In recent years, fishing from a kayak has become increasingly popular among new and experienced anglers alike. Though the sport can trace its beginnings to the southern and coastal states, an increasing number of anglers can be seen fishing from kayaks on Nevada waters.

This growth is reflected in the number of manufacturers that now produce full lines of kayaks designed specifically with fishing in mind. Long gone are the days when standing in a kayak to cast a line was a crazy idea. Many of today's fishing kayaks are designed specifically with the standing angler in mind and even those who prefer to use electronics while pursuing their fish. There is something for everybody.

"As with any pursuit, kayak anglers all have their own reason for picking up a paddle, but the thing I like most about kayak fishing is its simplicity," said Doug Nielsen, Conservation Education supervisor for the Nevada Department of Wildlife and an avid kayak angler. "Paddling through coves can be rather relaxing, and the kayak allows me the freedom to focus on one area without feeling pressure to race all over the lake. I don't feel the need to fish fast."

Still, an angler can cover more fishable water on a kayak than while fishing from the shoreline. The increased mobility of a kayak allows the angler to move from the back of a cove to open water and back again with relative ease.

Another aspect of kayak fishing that anglers find attractive is the feeling that they have their own personal space on the water. In a way, this solitude gives you one-on-one time with the fish, and there is no motor to announce your arrival.

"The kayak provides a stealthy approach that allows me to slip up on unwary fish, even through flooded brush. It is amazing how close you can get before spooking a fish. I have literally drifted to within two to three feet of black bass and then caught those fish without spooking them," Nielsen said.

Another thing that attracts anglers to kayak fishing is the relatively low cost involved with taking up the sport. The single biggest expense is the cost of the kayak. A quality entry level fishing kayak can be had for about \$900, and the price ranges from there to a high of about \$4,000 for the top-of-the-line model. If you purchase a used craft, the price is substantially lower and there are plenty of rentals available if you prefer to start there.



Fishing kayaks are available in both sit-inside and sit-on-top configurations, but most are the sit-on-top variety. Nielsen said he likes the open feel of the sit-on-top designs and how easy they are to get on and off of when compared to a sit-in configuration.

Another option that is available to anglers today deals with the means of propulsion. While models using the traditional paddle are still available, a growing number of kayaks now use some means of peddle power. Both systems have their pros and cons, but in the end the choice between the two is really a matter of personal preference or a matter of budget. Peddle-driven kayaks free up an angler's hands to fish while in continued motion, but they are at the high end of the price range.

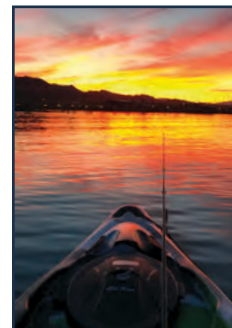
Once you have your kayak, all you need to add is a life jacket, a paddle and your fishing tackle. Today there are many choices when it comes to a life jacket, so take the time to compare their attributes as well as their price tags. Life jackets designed specifically for paddle craft are more comfortable to wear when paddling than one designed waterskiing or motorboating. They also need to be U.S. Coast Guard approved.

If your life jacket is comfortable, you will be more apt wear it. And if you don't wear it, it won't work when you need it.

Since kayaks are much smaller than a traditional fishing boat, storage space is limited. So, you must limit your tackle selection to only those items you use most frequently. For some anglers, this transition is an eye-opening experience because it forces one to admit that most of the tackle they haul around does little more than take up space.

Of course, you can't throw your bait without a fishing rod or two, or even six if you have the rod holders on your kayak to carry them. Any rod will do so long as it matches the water and the fish you are after. You can even fly-fish from a kayak.

A fishing kayak can be more convenient to store in urban living conditions than a boat, and you can launch one from anywhere your vehicle can safely reach.



Kayak fishing opens up a world of opportunities for those who enjoy a tranquil fishing experience as well as catching fish. Brendan Flazer and Doug Nielsen reeled in these smallmouth bass while paddling at Lake Mead.

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### Bluegill

(*Lepomis macrochirus*)

Very colorful. Light to dark blue on bright purple. In breeding season, the breast of males is red. Gill covers often blue with a black spot on the rear of the "ear flap". Faint vertical bars on the sides. Dorsal fin has 10 spines followed without interruption by 10 or 12 rays. The mouth is small and when closed, barely reaches the front of the eye. Body deep for its length and compressed from side to side. Found in ponds and reservoirs throughout northwestern and southern Nevada.



### Brook Trout

(*Salvelinus fontinalis*)

Color ranges from olive, blue-gray or black on the back to white on the belly. Belly and lower fins brilliant orange in spawning males. Upper body and dorsal fin have mottled or worm-like markings. Red spots, with or without bluish rings around them. The most distinguishing marks are the white and thin black stripe along the fore edge of the lower fins. Tail square or slightly forked. Occurs in about 278 mountain streams in Nevada where it frequents cooler water. Found in Ruby Mountain alpine lakes and other coldwater lakes.



### Brown Trout

(*Salmo trutta*)

Back is brown or olive with large black spots. Sides light brown to yellowish, with numerous black and red-orange spots surrounded by light blue rings. Few if any spots on tail. Tail square, not forked. Brown trout occur widely in central and eastern Nevada streams and occur in about 73 streams statewide. Also found in some lakes and reservoirs. Spooky and difficult to catch.



### Bull Trout

(*Salvelinus confluentus*)

The bull trout is normally olive-green to light green along the back and sides and appears somewhat washed out. Back with pale yellow spots and sides with orange or red spots; fins fringed with yellow orange; pectoral, pelvic, and anal fins with white margins. This fish is native to only the Jarbidge River system of northern Elko County and occurs in tributaries associated with the two forks of that stream system.



### Bullhead

(*Ameiurus*)

No scales. Tail only slightly forked, with rounded lobes. Adults are blackish, dark olive or dark brown. Belly is yellow, greenish-white, or white. Chin barbels are entirely black. The pectoral fin spine is smooth. Found in farm ponds and reservoirs throughout Nevada.



### Channel Catfish

(*Ictalurus punctatus*)

No scales, tail deeply forked with pointed lobes. Body pale bluish-olive above and bluish-white below. Spots vary from a few to many over much of the body and may not occur on large fish. Barbels extend from the chin and upper jaw. Both dorsal and pectoral fins have strong, sharp spines. Larger fish may be distinguished from the white catfish by the longer black barbels and more streamlined body form. Tail more deeply forked and head thinner and less rounded than white catfish. White on belly only to forward edge of anal fin. Found in warm water streams and reservoirs in northwestern and southern Nevada.



### Cutthroat Trout

(*Oncorhynchus clarkii*)

Body color is highly variable with three subspecies in Nevada. Back may be steel gray to olive-green. Sides may be yellow-brown with red or pink along belly. Slash marks on either side of the throat beneath the lower jaw may be yellow, crimson-red or orange. Fins uniform color with no white tips. Scattered spots are usually round and black, more closely grouped towards the tail. Teeth on back of tongue. May hybridize with rainbow. Native to the Humboldt, Snake, and Bonneville basins of Nevada. Currently occurs in 112 streams and a small number of lakes where it's well known for its large size.



### Crappie

(*Pomoxis*)

Silver-olive with numerous black or dark green splotches on the sides. Forehead is dished and the snout is turned up. Five or more anal spines and 7 or 8 dorsal spines. Base of the dorsal fin is about the same length as the base of the anal fin. Body compressed from side to side. Found in warmwater lakes and reservoirs throughout Nevada.



### Green Sunfish

(*Lepomis cyanellus*)

Each scale is flecked with yellow or emerald green. Back and sides olive-green, and lower belly yellowish-copper or brassy. Body is short, stocky, and deeply compressed from side to side. The gill cover has a broad, light margin, and it often has a black spot on the rear flap. The gill cover bone is stiff all the way to the margin which is different from most other sunfish.



### Kokanee

(*Oncorhynchus nerka*)

Kokanee are silver in color until they are ready to spawn in the fall, at which time they become bright red. Kokanee are a form of landlocked sockeye salmon and generally do not grow larger than 16 inches. Within the state, Kokanee can be found in Lake Tahoe and its tributaries when spawning.



### Lake Trout Or Mackinaw

(*Salvelinus namaycush*)

Not as highly colored as other trout. Dark gray or gray-green above, belly light gray or white. Light gray irregular shaped spots or lines on back, sides, dorsal fin and tail. No white edging appears on lower fins as in brook trout. Tail deeply forked. Currently found in Lake Tahoe, Nevada-California, and Liberty and Echo Lakes in Elko County.



### Largemouth Bass

(*Micropterus salmoides*)

Dark green on back and sides, silvery below. Belly is greenish-white. A broad dark band on the sides which consists of irregular patches touching together. Dorsal fin with 9 to 10 sharp spines nearly separated from the soft rays by a deep notch. Upper jaw when closed extends at least to the rear edge of the eye in adults, usually beyond. Abundant in lakes and reservoirs throughout Nevada.





### Mountain Whitefish

(*Prosopium williamsoni*)

Back and fins are light brown and the sides and belly are silver and white. There are no spots. Tail deeply forked and body is deep and round. Mouth small with no teeth. Large fleshy adipose fin. Scales large and rough. The whitefish occurs in a number of larger streams in western and northeastern Nevada.



### Pumpkinseed

(*Lepomis gibbosus*)

Considered a very colorful sunfish, the pumpkinseed is highlighted with mostly orange-brown spots on the main body and dorsal fin. Belly is orange-yellow. Opercular lobe has a dark blue-black spot with a bright red or orange edge. The cheek and operculum, or gill plate, also have wavy blue lines much like a green sunfish. Pumpkinseed have been caught in northwestern Nevada from the Truckee River, Peavine Ponds, Rancho San Rafael Pond, and Steamboat Creek.



### Rainbow Trout

(*Oncorhynchus mykiss*)

Body usually olive to greenish-blue on the back; belly white to silver; sides usually show prominent red or pink streak. Fish from lakes sometimes lose all color and appear silvery. Irregular spots on back, sides, head, dorsal fin and tail. No teeth on back of tongue. Native to the Columbia River drainage of northeastern Nevada, but stocked extensively from hatcheries throughout Nevada. Nevada's most abundant game fish species occurring in 295 streams statewide and in a large number of lakes and reservoirs.



### Redear Sunfish

(*Lepomis microlophus*)

Dark brown to green back with yellow to green sides. Belly is light yellow to nearly white. The mouth is small and the opercular lobe or ear flap has a dark blue-black spot with red to orange edge. Found in small ponds in southern Nevada, Dufurrena Ponds, and ponds in Mason Valley WMA in northern Nevada. Also found in the Colorado River below Davis Dam.



### Wiper

(*Morone chrysops* x *M. saxatilis*)

A hybrid bass produced by crossing a female white bass with a male striped bass. Hybrids closely resemble both striped bass and white bass making identification difficult, particularly for young fish. When comparing adult fish, the hybrid has a deep body and an arched back similar to the white bass. Wipers can often be distinguished by broken or irregular stripes on the front half of body and straight lines on the rear half of body. A mid-body break in line pattern occasionally occurs. In other parts of the country the wiper is known as the sunshine bass, palmetto bass or whiterock bass.



### Smallmouth Bass

(*Micropterus dolomieu*)

Dark olive to brown on back, sides bronze, belly white. Five dark vertical bands on sides. Eyes reddish. Dorsal fin with 9 or 10 sharp spines without a deep notch separating them from the soft rays. Upper jaw when closed does not extend beyond the rear edge of the eye. Smallmouth bass are one of the most popular and abundant game species in Lakes Mead and Mohave. It is also found in the Humboldt River, Dry Creek Reservoir, Wildhorse Reservoir, Rye Patch, Carson River, Lahontan Reservoir and Wall Canyon Reservoir.



### Spotted Bass

(*Micropterus punctulatus*)

One of the several black basses found in a few northern Nevada waters such as Lahontan and Rye Patch reservoirs and Sparks Marina Pond. Green to dark green on back and sides with a white belly. Rows of spots along the lower sides below the dark lateral stripe. Dorsal fins are connected and not separated into two distinct fins. Upper jaw extends to the back of the eye, but not beyond the eye as in the largemouth bass.



### Striped Bass

(*Morone saxatilis*)

Body olive-green above, shading through silvery on sides to white on belly with brassy reflection. There are 7 to 8 longitudinal dark stripes following the scale rows. A spiny dorsal fin is barely separated from a soft dorsal fin. The tail is forked and the body is cylindrical in shape. Striped bass occur in only a few of the larger lakes in Nevada including Lake Mead and Lake Mohave. The fish can become very large with some specimens larger than 50 pounds.



### Walleye

(*Sander vitreus*)

Prominent "canine" teeth distinguish this big perch from its smaller family member the yellow perch. Color is brassy-olive buff sometimes shading to yellowish sides and white beneath. No distinct bars on the sides, but rather an overall mottling of black or brown. Large dark blotches at rear base of dorsal fin, and the lower lobe of tail fin is white tipped. The tail is moderately forked. Found in a few western Nevada waters including Lahontan and Rye Patch Reservoirs, the Humboldt River below Rye Patch Reservoir and Chimney Reservoir.



### White Bass

(*Morone chrysops*)

Dark gray to black on the back, with bright silvery sides and white belly. The sides have dark stripes or lines (about 5 are above the lateral line). There are 13 or 14 rays in the dorsal fin, and 11 to 13 in the anal fin. Body strongly compressed from side to side, forehead is dished and snout is slightly turned up. Found in Lahontan Reservoir, Rye Patch Reservoir and Washoe Lake.



### Yellow Perch

(*Perca flavescens*)

Rich yellow to brassy-green with 6 to 8 dark vertical bars on the sides. Dark green back. No "canine" teeth. The belly is whitish. The dorsal fin has two sections, the front one contains 12 to 14 sharp spines and the rear 12 to 13 soft rays.



### White Catfish

(*Ameiurus catus*)

Bluish to grayish above and white below. Tail deeply forked. No scales. No spots. Barbels extend from the chin and upper jaw. Both dorsal and pectoral fins have strong, sharp spines. White catfish have shorter barbels on the upper jaw than channel catfish, and barbels on lower jaw are whiter. Head is more rounded and white on belly extends to rear of anal fin. Found in Lahontan and Willow Creek Reservoirs and the Humboldt River with channel catfish.



# REGIONAL FISH STOCKING REPORTS

## Species Abbreviations

BC.....	Rainbow Trout/Cutthroat Trout Hybrid	LCT.....	Lahontan Cutthroat Trout
BK.....	Brook Trout	RB.....	Rainbow Trout
BN.....	Brown Trout	TT.....	Tiger Trout
CB.....	Cutthroat Trout/Rainbow Trout Hybrid	TRB.....	Triplod Rainbow
CC.....	Channel Catfish	WI.....	Wiper

Regional fish stocking months may vary. This list is intended to give anglers a general idea of the months fish stocking occurs.  
For real-time updates on stocking, visit [http://www.ndow.org/Fish/Stocking\\_Updates/Stocking\\_Calendar/](http://www.ndow.org/Fish/Stocking_Updates/Stocking_Calendar/)

## EASTERN REGION REPORT

BODY OF WATER		SPECIES	MONTH TO BESTOCKED
ELKO COUNTY			
Angel Lake	RB	June, July, August, September	
	TT	June, July	
Carlin Pond	RB	April, May, October	
Cow Creek Reservoir	RB	May	
Dorsey Reservoir	RB	April, May, June	
Dry Creek Reservoir	RB	April, May, June	
Jakes Creek Reservoir	RB	March, April, October	
Jiggs Reservoir	CC	May or June	
Lamollie Creek	RB	March, April, October	
Ruby High Lakes	TT	June, July	
Ruby Lake NWR	LCT, TT	August	
- Collection Ditch	RB	March, October	
Ruby Lake NWR - No. Dikes Unit 10	TT	October	
Ruby Lake NWR - S. Lakes	RB	March, October	
Ruby Lake NWR - South Springs	RB	April, October	
Ruby Lake NWR - Unit 21	RB	April, October	
	TT	April	
	RB	March, October	
	BN	October	
	TT	March	

## HUMBOLDT COUNTY (CONTINUED)

Blue Lakes	BC	August, September
	TRB	August, September
	TT	August, September
Chimney Reservoir	CC, WI	May or June
James Kinney Pond	CC	May or June
Knott Creek Reservoir	BC	September
	TRB	June
	TT	September
Onion Valley Reservoir	BC	September
	RB	June, October
	TT	October
Streams and Ponds	BN	May, June
	TRB	June
	TT	June

## LYON COUNTY

Carson River	BN	March, June
Derby Canal	RB	March, June, September
	RB	April, May, June
	BN	May, June
Desert Creek	RB	October
	TT	June
	RB	February, March
Ft. Churchill Cooling Ponds	CC	May or June
	BN	May
	RB	September
E. Walker River	BN	April, May, June
	RB	April, May, June, September, October
	BC	October
Hinkson Slough	BN	March, June
	RB	February, September, October
Mountain View Park Pond	RB	March, April, May
	CC	May or June
	RB	May

## MINERAL COUNTY

Rose Creek Reservoir	TT	April
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## PERSHING COUNTY

Buena Vista Creek	RB	April
Coyote Creek	BN	June, July
	RB	June, July
	RB	March, October
Rye Patch Reservoir	CC, WI	May or June
Starr Creek	RB	June
	RB	June

## STOREY COUNTY

American Flat Creek	RB	April
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WASHOE COUNTY		
Boulder Reservoir	RB	October
Catnip Reservoir	LCT	June
Davis Creek Park	RB	March, April, May, September
Hobart Reservoir	RB	June
	TT	June
Idlewild Pond	RB	April, May
Lake Tahoe	LCT	May, June, July, August
Marilyn's Pond	RB	April, May, June, July, August, September
Marlette Lake	LCT	June
	RB	June, October
Paradise Pond	RB	March, April, May, September
	CC	May or June
Rancho San Rafael	RB	April, May, June, July
	BN	March, April
Sparks Marina	RB	March, April, May, September, October
	CC	May or June
Squaw Valley Reservoir	BC	September
	BN	June
Squaw Valley Reservoir	RB	March, April, October
	CC	May or June
Truckee River	LCT	March, April, May
	TRB	June, July, August, September
Virginia Lake	BC	October
	RB	October
Wall Canyon Reservoir	CC	May or June
	BC	September
Washoe Lake	RB	April, May
	CC	May or June
Wilson Commons	RB	March, April, May, June, September
	RB	May, June
Streams and Ponds	RB	

## NEW FISH NV MAPPING TOOL!

Check out NDOW's new Fish NV mapping tool (<https://fish.wildlifenv.com>). This convenient tool will help you locate Nevada's sportfish species and provides information and a map of all state waters. Whether you want to find an urban pond close to home, or you have been wanting to catch a specific fish species, this is the perfect resource to use to plan your next fishing trip. Discover your perfect Nevada fishing adventure today! You can also check out tutorials on the new tool on the NDOW YouTube page.

NYE COUNTY		
Adams-McGill Reservoir	RB	March, November
Barley Creek	RB	May, June, July
Beatty Urban Pond	RB	November, December, January, February
Cold Springs Reservoir	RB	March, October
Dacey Reservoir	RB	October
Haymeadow Reservoir	RB	March, October
Ophir Creek	BK	July
Peavine Creek	RB	July
Rye Patch	RB	April, May, June, July
Twin River - North	BK	July
	BK	July

## WESTERN REGION REPORT

BODY OF WATER	SPECIES	MONTH TO BE STOCKED
CARSON CITY		
Ash Canyon	RB	June
Bailey Park	RB	March, April, May, June, September, October
Carson River	BN	March, June
	RB	April, September, October

### CHURCHILL COUNTY

Lahontan Reservoir	WI	May or June
Liberty Pond	RB	March, April, May, October
	CC	May or June

### DOUGLAS COUNTY

E. Carson River	BN	April, June
	RB	March, June, July
	RB	July
Lake Tahoe	TRB	May, June, July, August
	RB	May
Lampe Park	RB	April, May, October
Martin Slough Ponds	BN	April, June
Mitich Pond	RB	March, April, May, September, October
	CC	May or June
	BC	September
Spooners Lake	RB	April, May
	TT	June
	BC	October
Topaz Lake	RB	October
	TT	June
	BN	June
Topaz Canal	RB	April, May, June
Upper East Carson River	RB	June, September

### HUMBOLDT COUNTY

Big Springs Reservoir	RB	May, June
Bilk Creek Reservoir	TRB	November

South Fork Reservoir	CB	October
	BN	July, October
	RB	April, October
Tabor Creek	CC	May or June
	TT	May, June
Wildhorse Reservoir	CB	October
	BN	July, October
	TT	May, October
Willow Creek Reservoir	CC	May, June
	CC	May or June
Wilson Sink Reservoir	RB	May, June, September, October

### EUREKA COUNTY

Roberts Creek	RB	May
Tonkin Springs Reservoir	RB	May

### LANDER COUNTY

Big Creek	RB	May, June, July
Groves Lake	RB	May, June, July
Kingston Creek	RB	May, June, July
Willow Creek Pond	RB	May, June, August, September

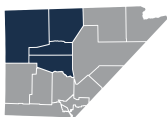
### WHITE PINE COUNTY

Bassett Lake	RB	April, October
Cave Lake	RB	April, May, June, July, August, September, October
Cleve Creek	RB	May, June
Cold Creek Reservoir	CB	April
Comins Lake	RB	May, June, August, September, October
Illipah Reservoir	RB	April, May, October
Sacramento Pass Pond	RB	April, May, June, September, October
Silver Creek Reservoir	TT	May, June
Skeptoe Creek	RB	May, June
White River	RB	May, June

## SOUTHERN REGION REPORT

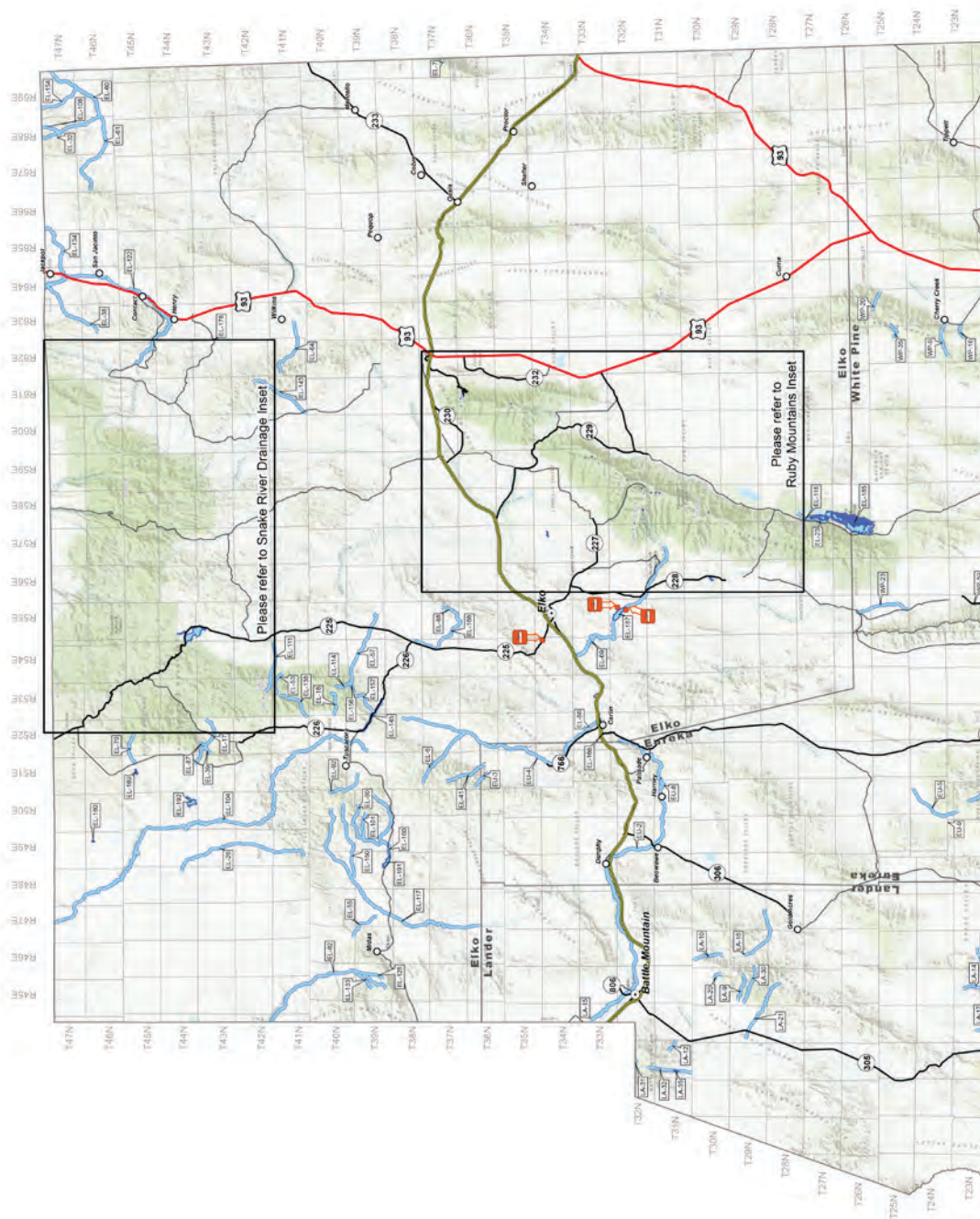
BODY OF WATER	SPECIES	MONTH TO BE STOCKED
CLARK COUNTY		
Boulder City Pond (Veteran's Memorial Park)	RB	January, February, March, November, December
	CC	April, May, June, August, September, October
	RB	Bluegill may be stocked at Boulder City Pond/Veteran's Memorial Park during the months of April, May, June.
Cold Creek Pond	RB	March, November
Floyd Lamb Park Ponds (Tule Pond)	RB	January, February, March, November, December
Floyd Lamb Park Ponds (Tule Pond)	CC	April, May, June, August, September, October
	RB	Bluegill may be stocked at Floyd Lamb Park (Tule Pond) during the months of April and May.



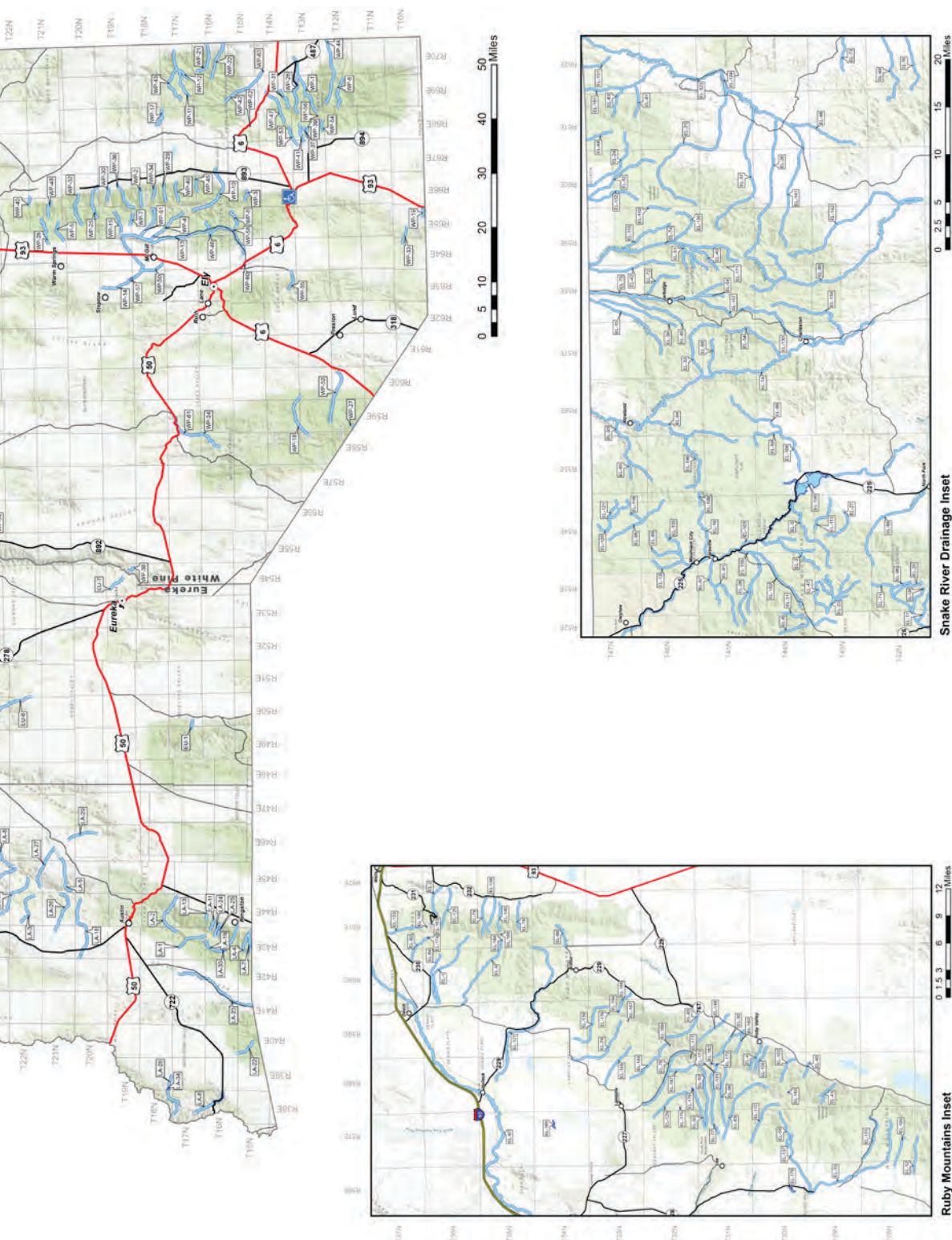


# EASTERN REGION FISHABLE WATERS

ELKO, EUREKA, LANDER, AND WHITE PINE COUNTIES







Projection: UTM Zone 11 North, NAD83



Larger prints of the fishable waters map are available at any of our regional offices, as well as online at [ndow.org](http://ndow.org)



EASTERN REGION FISHABLE WATERS KEY

ELKO COUNTY

STREAMS		SPECIES
EL-1	Ackler Creek	36N, 60E BK
EL-2	Angel Creek	36N, 62E BK
EL-3	Badger Creek	44N, 53E RED
EL-4	Battle Creek	31N, 58E BK
EL-5	Beaver Creek	44N, 54E RED
EL-6	Beaver Creek	37N, 51E LCT
EL-7	Bettridge Creek	37N, 70E RB
EL-8	Blue Jacket Creek	44N, 52E BK, RED
EL-9	Boulder Creek	35N, 60E BK, LCT
EL-10	Box Canyon Creek	31N, 58E BK
EL-11	Boyd Creek	42N, 52E RED
EL-12	Brown Creek	28N, 56E LCT
EL-13	Browns Gulch	46N, 53E RED
EL-14	Bruneau River	44N, 57E RED, W
EL-15	Buck Creek	47N, 57E RED
EL-16	Bull Camp Creek	42N, 62E RED
EL-17	Bull Run Creek	43N, 52E BK, RED
EL-18	Burns Creek	40N, 53E BK, RED
EL-19	California Creek	45N, 54E RED
EL-20	Camp Creek	44N, 60E RED
EL-21	Canyon Creek	46N, 61E BK, RED
EL-22	Cap Winn Creek	43N, 53E RED
EL-23	Cave Creek	27N, 57E BK
EL-24	Cherry Creek	47N, 60E RED
EL-25	Chicken Creek	42N, 53E RED
EL-26	Chino Creek	43N, 49E RED
EL-27	Clear Creek	43N, 49E RED
EL-28	Cobb Creek	45N, 53E BK, RED
EL-29	Cold Creek	33N, 59E BK, LCT
EL-30	Colonel Moore Creek	31N, 59E BK
EL-31	Columbia Creek	44N, 53E BK, RED
EL-32	Coon Creek	47N, 68E YCT
EL-33	Coon Creek	46N, 57E RED
EL-34	Copper Creek	45N, 57E RED
EL-35	Corral Creek	29N, 56E BK
EL-36	Corral Creek	46N, 57E RED
EL-37	Cottonwood Creek	45N, 60E RED
EL-38	Cottonwood Creek	46N, 63E RED
EL-39	Cottonwood Creek	43N, 51E RED
EL-40	Cougar Creek	45N, 59E BT, RED
EL-41	Coyote Creek	37N, 50E LCT
EL-42	Dave Creek	47N, 58E BT, RED
EL-43	Dawley Canyon	29N, 58E BK
EL-44	Deer Creek	47N, 61E RED
EL-45	Deer Creek	46N, 57E RED
EL-46	Deer Creek, West Fork	43N, 61E RED

STREAMS (CONTINUED)

EL-87	Marsh Creek	44N, 51E	RED
EL-88	Martin Creek	44N, 56E	BK, RED
EL-89	Marys River	43N, 58E	LCT
EL-90	Mayhew Creek	29N, 58E	BK
EL-91	McCall Creek	45N, 53E	RED
EL-92	McCann Creek	40N, 51E	RED
EL-93	McDonald Creek	47N, 56E	RED
EL-94	Meadow Creek	46N, 56E	RED
EL-95	Merritt Creek	47N, 54E	BK, RED
EL-96	Mill (Hays) Creek	42N, 53E	BK, RED
EL-97	Mill Creek	45N, 53E	RED
EL-98	Miller Creek	45N, 57E	RED
EL-99	Miller Creek	46N, 54E	RED
EL-100	Myers Creek	30N, 58E	BK
EL-101	Nelson Creek	39N, 49E	LCT
EL-102	Overland Creek	30N, 58E	BK
EL-103	Owyhee River, East Fork	45N, 54E	RED, BN, SMB, YP
EL-104	Owyhee River, South Fork	43N, 50E	BN, RED, SMB, W
EL-105	Pearl Creek	28N, 57E	BK, LCT
EL-106	Penrod Creek	44N, 55E	RED,
EL-107	Pine Creek	45N, 58E	BT, RED
EL-108	Pinexy Creek	46N, 69E	BK, YCT
EL-109	Pixley Creek	45N, 54E	RED
EL-110	Pole Creek	47N, 59E	BK
EL-111	Pratt Creek	41N, 54E	LCT
EL-112	Rattlesnake Creek	30N, 57E	BK
EL-113	Riffe Creek	43N, 54E	RED
EL-114	Road Canyon Creek	40N, 54E	LCT
EL-115	Robinson Creek	47N, 59E	RED
EL-116	Robinson Creek	33N, 60E	BK
EL-117	Rock Creek	38N, 47E	LCT
EL-118	Ruby Lake Col-lection Ditch	27N, 58E	RB, BK, BN, LMB, TT
EL-119	Sagehen Creek	47N, 54E	BK, RB
EL-120	Salmon Creek	47N, 54E	RED
EL-121	Salmon Creek, Little	47N, 54E	RED
EL-122	Salmon Falls River	45N, 65E	RED, BN, W, SMB
EL-123	Salmon Falls River, North Fork	45N, 62E	BN, RED
EL-124	Salmon Falls River, South Fork	45N, 62E	BN, RED
EL-125	Schoer Creek	36N, 61E	BK, RED
EL-126	Schoonover Creek	42N, 53E	RED
EL-127	Secret Creek	35N, 59E	BK
EL-128	Secret Creek	38N, 45E	LCT

WHITEPINE COUNTY

STREAMS		SPECIES
WP-1	Baker Creek	13N, 69E BC, BK, RB, BCT
WP-2	Bassett Creek	18N, 66E RB
WP-3	Bastian Creek	15N, 66E RB, BN
WP-4	Berry Creek	17N, 65E BN, RB
WP-5	Big Indian Creek	20N, 65E BK, RB
WP-6	Big Wash	12N, 69E BCT
WP-7	Bird Creek	18N, 65E BK, RB
WP-8	Cave Creek	15N, 65E BN, RB
WP-9	Cherry Creek	24N, 62E RB
WP-10	Cleve Creek	15N, 66E RB, BN
WP-11	Deadman Creek	17N, 68E BCT
WP-12	Deep Canyon Creek	16N, 69E BCT
WP-13	Duck Creek	17N, 64E BK, BN, RB
WP-14	Duck Creek	19N, 63E LMB, BG, RB
WP-15	East Creek	19N, 65E RB
WP-16	Egan Creek	23N, 62E RB
WP-17	Eightmile Creek	18N, 68E RB
WP-18	Ellison Creek	14N, 58E RB
WP-19	Geyser Creek	10N, 65E BK, RB
WP-20	Goshute Creek	16N, 63E BCT
WP-21	Hampton Creek	16N, 70E BCT
WP-22	Hendrys Creek	15N, 70E BCT
WP-23	Huntington Creek	25N, 56E BN, RB
WP-24	Illipah Creek	16N, 59E BN, RB
WP-25	Kalamazoo Creek	20N, 65E BK, BN, RB
WP-26	Lehman Creek	13N, 69E BC, BN, RB
WP-27	Little Currant Creek	12N, 59E BK, RB
WP-28	Mattier Creek	21N, 64E BK, RB
WP-29	McCoy Creek	17N, 67E BN, RB, BC
WP-30	Meadow Creek	19N, 66E BN
WP-31	Mill Creek	14N, 69E BCT
WP-32	Muncy Creek	20N, 66E BK, BCT, RB, BC
WP-33	North Creek	10N, 64E BK, RB
WP-34	Ogders Creek	18N, 66E RB
WP-35	Paris Creek	25N, 62E BK
WP-36	Piermont Creek	19N, 67E BN
WP-37	Pine Creek	13N, 67E BCT
WP-38	Pinto Creek	18N, 54E RB
WP-39	Ridge Creek	13N, 68E BCT
WP-40	Seigel Creek	22N, 65E RB
WP-41	Shingle Creek	13N, 67E BC, BN
WP-42	Silver Creek	15N, 69E BCT
WP-43	Smith Creek	18N, 69E BCT

LAKES AND RESERVOIRS (CONT.)

LAKES AND RESERVOIRS (CONT.)		SPECIES	
EL-173	Goat (Right Fork) Lake	32N, 58E	BK
EL-174	Greys Lake	36N, 61E	LCT
EL-175	Griswold Lake	32N, 58E	LCT
EL-176	Hidden Lakes	33N, 59E	LCT
EL-177	Island Lake	32N, 58E	BK, BC
EL-178	Jakes Creek Reservoir	43N, 63E	RB, LMB, CC
EL-179	Jiggs Reservoir	30N, 56E	RB, LMB, BG
EL-180	Josephine Reservoir	46N, 49E	LMB
EL-181	Lamoille Lake	31N, 58E	BK, LCT
EL-182	Liberty Lake	31N, 58E	BK, MT
EL-183	Overland Lake	30N, 58E	BK
EL-184	Robinson Lake	33N, 59E	BK
EL-185	Ruby Lake	27N, 58E	RB, BK, BN, LMB, TT
EL-186	Smith Lake	36N, 61E	LCT
EL-187	South Fork Reservoir	32N, 55E	RB, BN, SMB, LMB, CC, BC, WI
EL-188	Steele Lake	35N, 61E	BK
EL-189	Verdi Lake	32N, 59E	LCT
EL-190	Wild Horse Reservoir	44N, 55E	RB, BN, SMB, YP, CC, BC, LMB, WI, TT, WCR
EL-191	Willow Creek Reservoir	39N, 48E	LMB, WCR, CC, LCT
EL-192	Wilson Sink Reservoir	44N, 50E	RB, LMB, BG

EUREKA COUNTY

STREAMS		SPECIES
EU-1	Allison Creek	17N, 49E BK
EU-2	Humboldt River	32N, 49E RB, LMB, SMB, CC, BB
EU-3	Jack Creek, Little	36N, 51E LCT
EU-4	Maggie Creek	35N, 51E LCT
EU-5	Pete Hansen Creek	24N, 50E LCT
EU-6	Roberts Creek	22N, 50E BK, BN, RB
EU-7	Simpson Creek	20N, 54E BK

LAKES AND RESERVOIRS

LAKES AND RESERVOIRS	SPECIES		
EU-8	Barth Pit	31N, 51E	SMB, LMB, BG, CC, RB
EU-9	Tonkin Reservoir	24N, 49E	RB

<b>WP-44</b>	Snake Creek	12N, 70E	BCT, BN
<b>WP-45</b>	Stephens Creek	16N, 66E	RB
<b>WP-46</b>	Stephens Creek	16N, 64E	RB, BN
<b>WP-47</b>	Strawberry Creek	14N, 68E	BCT
<b>WP-48</b>	Sunkist (North) Creek	21N, 66E	BK
<b>WP-49</b>	Taft Creek	17N, 66E	BK, RB
<b>WP-50</b>	Tailings Creek	18N, 63E	LMB
<b>WP-51</b>	Timber Creek	18N, 65E	BK, RB
<b>WP-52</b>	White River	13N, 60E	RB, BN, BK
<b>WP-53</b>	Willard Creek	14N, 68E	BCT
<b>WP-54</b>	Williams Creek	12N, 68E	BC, RB
<b>WP-55</b>	Willow Creek	13N, 63E	BN, RB

LAKES AND RESERVOIRS		SPECIES
<b>WP-56</b>	Baker Lake	13N, 68E LCT, BK
<b>WP-57</b>	Bassett Lake	19N, 63E LMB, RB, BG
<b>WP-58</b>	Cave Lake	15N, 65E RB, BN
<b>WP-59</b>	Cold Creek Reservoir	23N, 55E RB, LMB, BC
<b>WP-60</b>	Comins Lake	15N, 64E RB, BN, LMB
<b>WP-61</b>	Illipah Reservoir	17N, 58E RB, BN
<b>WP-62</b>	Sacramento Pass Pond	15N, 68E RB
<b>WP-63</b>	Silver Creek Reservoir	14N, 70E BCT, TT

## Species Abbreviations

BB	.....	Bullhead Catfish
BC	.....	Bowcutt Trout
BCT	.....	Bonneville Cutthroat Trout
BG	.....	Bluegill Sunfish
BK	.....	Brook Trout
BN	.....	Brown Trout
BT	.....	Bull Trout
CC	.....	Channel Catfish
CR	.....	Crappie
LCT	.....	Lahontan Cutthroat Trout
LMB	.....	Largemouth Bass
MT	.....	Mackinaw Trout
RB	.....	Rainbow Trout
RED	.....	Redband Trout
SMB	.....	Smallmouth Bass
TT	.....	Tiger Trout
W	.....	Whitefish
WI	.....	Wiper
YCT	.....	Yellowstone Cutthroat Trout
YP	.....	Yellow Perch

LANDER COUNTY			SPECIES
STREAMS			
<b>LA-1</b>	Big Creek	18N, 43E	RB, BN, BK
<b>LA-2</b>	Birch Creek	18N, 44E	BK, BN, RB
<b>LA-3</b>	Boone Creek	22N, 43E	BK
<b>LA-4</b>	Bowman (Clear) Creek	16N, 43E	BK, RB
<b>LA-5</b>	Callaghan Creek	20N, 45E	BK, RB
<b>LA-6</b>	Campbell Creek	17N, 38E	BK
<b>LA-7</b>	Carseley Creek	15N, 42E	BK, BN, RB
<b>LA-8</b>	Cowboy Rest Creek	23N, 46E	RB
<b>LA-9</b>	Crippen Canyon	30N, 45E	RB
<b>LA-10</b>	Crum Canyon (Rock) Creek	30N, 46E	BK
<b>LA-11</b>	Frenchman Creek	16N, 44E	BK
<b>LA-12</b>	Galena Creek	31N, 43E	RB
<b>LA-13</b>	Gillman Spring Creek	17N, 44E	RB
<b>LA-14</b>	Hall Creek	23N, 45E	RB
STREAMS (CONTINUED)			SPECIES
<b>LA-15</b>	Humboldt River	33N, 44E	LMB, CC, BK
<b>LA-16</b>	Indian Creek	29N, 46E	BK
<b>LA-17</b>	Iowa Creek	23N, 44E	RB
<b>LA-18</b>	Italian Creek	20N, 43E	BK
<b>LA-19</b>	Kingston Creek	16N, 43E	RB, BN
<b>LA-20</b>	Lewis Creek	30N, 45E	BK
<b>LA-21</b>	Mill Creek	28N, 44E	BK, RB
<b>LA-22</b>	Peterson Creek	15N, 39E	BK
<b>LA-23</b>	Reese River	16N, 41E	RB, BK, LCT, BN
<b>LA-24</b>	Santa Fe Creek	16N, 44E	LCT
<b>LA-25</b>	Shoshone Creek	16N, 44E	LCT
<b>LA-26</b>	Silver Creek	21N, 44E	BK
<b>LA-27</b>	Skull Creek	22N, 46E	BK, BN, RB
<b>LA-28</b>	Smith Creek	18N, 39E	BK, BN, RB
<b>LA-29</b>	Steiner Creek	20N, 47E	BK, BN
<b>LA-30</b>	Trout Creek	29N, 45E	BK, RB
<b>LA-31</b>	Trout Creek	32N, 42E	RB
<b>LA-32</b>	Willow Creek	31N, 42E	BN, RB

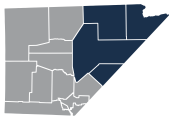
LAKES AND RESERVOIRS		SPECIES
<b>LA-33</b>	Groves Lake	16N, 43E RB, BN
<b>LA-34</b>	Smith Pond	18N, 39E BN, RB
<b>LA-35</b>	Willow Pond	31N, 43E RB, BN, YP, LMB

<b>EL-129</b>	Seitz (Rabbit) Creek	32N, 57E	BK, LCT
<b>EL-130</b>	Seventy-Six Creek	44N, 57E	RED
<b>EL-131</b>	Shack Creek	47N, 62E	RED
<b>EL-132</b>	Sheep Creek	47N, 60E	RED
<b>EL-133</b>	Shoshone Creek	40N, 45E	LCT
<b>EL-134</b>	Shoshone Creek	47N, 65E	BN, RED, SMB
<b>EL-135</b>	Slaughterhouse Creek	46N, 54E	RED
<b>EL-136</b>	Slide Creek	46N, 59E	BT, RED
<b>EL-137</b>	Smith Creek	30N, 57E	BK, LCT
<b>EL-138</b>	Snow Canyon	41N, 53E	RED
<b>EL-139</b>	Soldier Creek	34N, 59E	BK
<b>EL-140</b>	Steele Creek	35N, 61E	BK
<b>EL-141</b>	Sun Creek	44N, 60E	RED
<b>EL-142</b>	T Creek	43N, 59E	LCT
<b>EL-143</b>	Tabor Creek	41N, 61E	RB, BK, TT
<b>EL-144</b>	Talbot Creek	33N, 58E	BK
<b>EL-145</b>	Taylor Canyon Creek	38N, 52E	BN, RED
<b>EL-146</b>	Telephone Creek	46N, 55E	RED
<b>EL-147</b>	Thomas Creek	32N, 58E	BK
<b>EL-148</b>	Thompson Creek	31N, 59E	BK, LCT
<b>EL-149</b>	Thorpe Creek	33N, 58E	BK
<b>EL-150</b>	Toe Jam Creek	39N, 48E	LCT
<b>EL-151</b>	Toyn Creek	28N, 57E	BK
<b>EL-152</b>	Trail Creek	44N, 53E	BK, RED
<b>EL-153</b>	Trout Creek	37N, 61E	BK
<b>EL-154</b>	Trout Creek	47N, 69E	YCT
<b>EL-155</b>	Van Duzer Creek	45N, 53E	BK, RED
<b>EL-156</b>	Warm Creek	39N, 53E	LCT
<b>EL-157</b>	Waterpipe Canyon Creek	39N, 53E	RED
<b>EL-158</b>	Weeks Creek	35N, 62E	BK, RED
<b>EL-159</b>	Willow Creek	43N, 58E	RED
<b>EL-160</b>	Willow Creek	38N, 49E	LCT
<b>EL-161</b>	Wilson Creek	47N, 61E	RED
<b>EL-162</b>	Wines Creek	31N, 59E	BK

LAKES AND RESERVOIRS		SPECIES
<b>EL-163</b>	Angel Lake	36N, 61E RB, BK, TT
<b>EL-164</b>	Boulder Lake	35N, 61E BK, TT
<b>EL-165</b>	Boyd Reservoir	34N, 57E BG, LMB
<b>EL-166</b>	Carlin Pond	33N, 52E RB
<b>EL-167</b>	Cold Lakes	33N, 59E BK
<b>EL-168</b>	Dorsey Reservoir	37N, 55E RB
<b>EL-169</b>	Dry Creek Reservoir	45N, 51E RB, SMB, LMB
<b>EL-170</b>	Echo Lake	32N, 58E BK, MT
<b>EL-171</b>	Emerald Lake	45N, 58E BK
<b>EL-172</b>	Favre Lake	31N, 58E BK

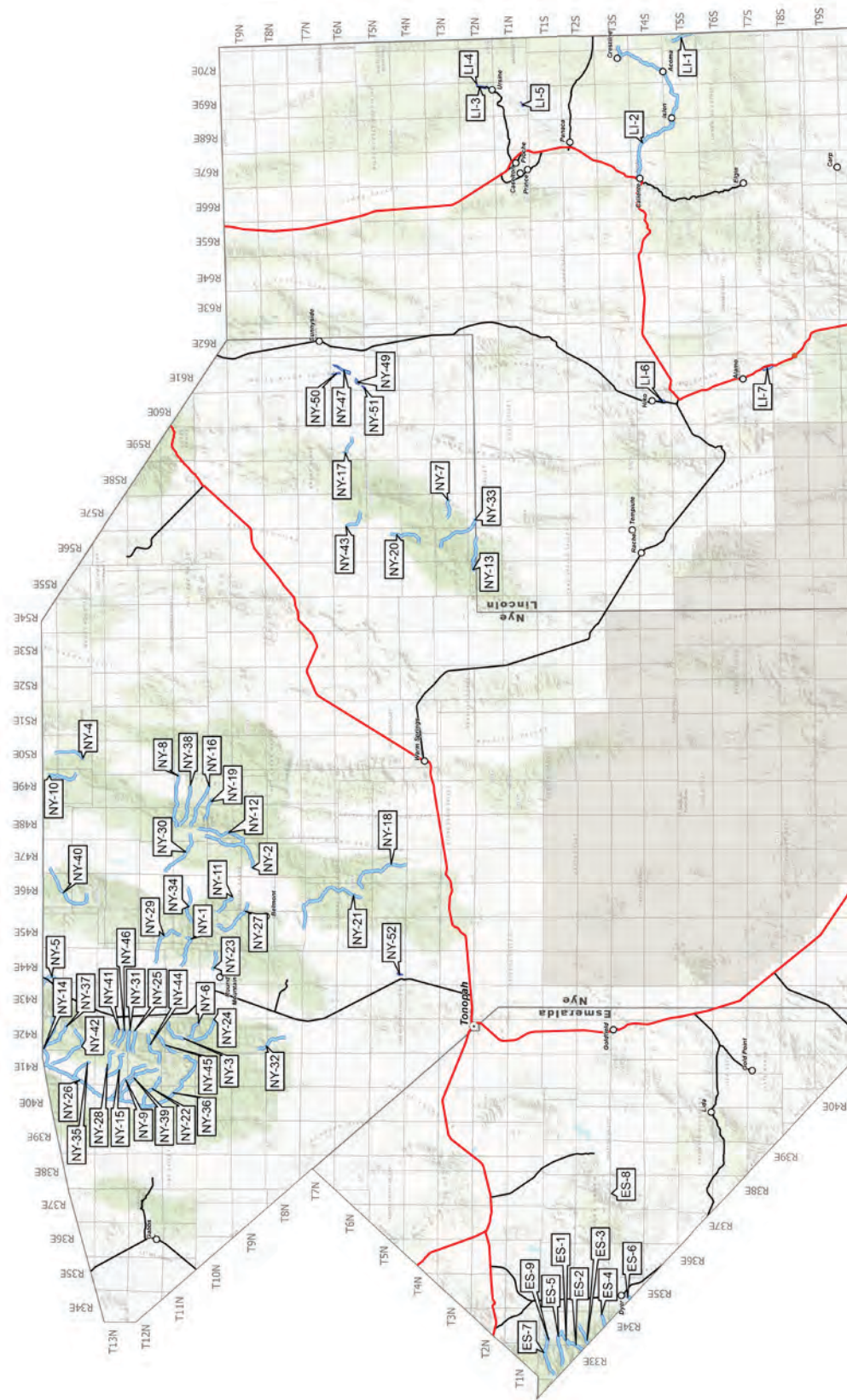
<b>EL-47</b>	Doby George Creek	44N, 53E	RED
<b>EL-48</b>	Dorsey Creek	37N, 55E	RB
<b>EL-49</b>	Dry Creek	42N, 62E	RED
<b>EL-50</b>	Echo Canyon Creek	32N, 57E	BK, RB
<b>EL-51</b>	Fall Creek	46N, 59E	BT, RED
<b>EL-52</b>	Flat Creek	47N, 60E	RED
<b>EL-53</b>	Foreman Creek	41N, 53E	LCT
<b>EL-54</b>	Fox Creek	45N, 58E	RED
<b>EL-55</b>	Frazier Creek	40N, 47E	LCT
<b>EL-56</b>	Furlong Creek, North	31N, 58E	BK, LCT
<b>EL-57</b>	Gance Creek	39N, 54E	LCT
<b>EL-58</b>	Gennette Creek	30N, 57E	BK, LCT
<b>EL-59</b>	Gold Creek	44N, 55E	RED
<b>EL-60</b>	Goose Creek, Big	46N, 69E	YCT
<b>EL-61</b>	Goose Creek, Little	45N, 68E	YCT
<b>EL-62</b>	Grey's Creek	37N, 61E	BK
<b>EL-63</b>	Hawes Creek	47N, 61E	RED
<b>EL-64</b>	Herder Creek	36N, 60E	BK
<b>EL-65</b>	Hicks Creek	47N, 55E	RED
<b>EL-66</b>	Horse Creek	34N, 61E	BK
<b>EL-67</b>	Humboldt River	35N, 57E	CC, LMB, SMB, BN, BB, BG
<b>EL-68</b>	Humboldt River, North Fork	42N, 54E	RB, BN
<b>EL-69</b>	Humboldt River, South Fork	33N, 54E	BK, BC, SMB, CC, W
<b>EL-70</b>	Indian Creek	46N, 52E	RED
<b>EL-71</b>	Jack Creek	42N, 53E	BK, RED
<b>EL-72</b>	Jack Creek, North	46N, 58E	BT, RED
<b>EL-73</b>	Jakes Creek	43N, 62E	RED
<b>EL-74</b>	Jarbridge River, East Fork	46N, 59E	W, RED
<b>EL-75</b>	Jarbridge River, West Fork	47N, 58E	RED, BT, W
<b>EL-76</b>	Johnson Creek	35N, 61E	BK
<b>EL-77</b>	Kleckner Creek	31N, 57E	BK
<b>EL-78</b>	Lamoille Creek	32N, 58E	RB, BK, TT
<b>EL-79</b>	Leach Creek	36N, 61E	BK
<b>EL-80</b>	Lewis Creek	39N, 50E	LCT
<b>EL-81</b>	Lime Creek	46N, 61E	RED
<b>EL-82</b>	Little Humboldt River, South Fork	40N, 46E	LCT
<b>EL-83</b>	Long Canyon Creek	31N, 57E	BK, LCT, RB
<b>EL-84</b>	Loomis Creek	40N, 62E	BK
<b>EL-85</b>	Lutts Creek	31N, 59E	BK
<b>EL-86</b>	Maggie Creek	33N, 52E	LCT





# SOUTHERN REGION FISHABLE WATERS

CLARK, ESMERALDA, LINCOLN, AND NYE COUNTIES





Projection: UTM Zone 11 North, NAD83  
No warranty is made by the Nevada Department of Wildlife as to the accuracy, reliability, or completeness of the data for individual use or aggregate use with other data.





SOUTHERN REGION FISHABLE WATERS KEY

CLARK COUNTY

STREAMS		SPECIES
CL-1	Carpenter Canyon Creek	LCT
CL-2	Colorado River	RB, CC, LMB, STB, BG, GS, SMB, RS, BB

LINCOLN COUNTY

STREAMS		SPECIES
LI-1	Beaver Dam Wash	50N, 70E RB
LI-2	Clover (Big Springs) Creek	4S, 68E RB
LI-3	Eagle Valley Creek	2N, 69E BN, RB, TT

LAKES AND RESERVOIRS		SPECIES
CL-3	Cold Creek Pond	17S, 56E RB
CL-4	Floyd Lamb Park Pond	RB, CC, LMB, BB, GS, BG
CL-5	Lake Mead	LMB, CC, STB, BB, BCR, SMB, BG, GS
CL-6	Lake Mohave	RB, LMB, CC, STB, SMB, GS, BB, BG
CL-7	Lorenzi Park Pond	RB, CC, BG
CL-8	Mesquite Urban Pond	13S, 71E RB, CC
CL-9	Sunset Park Pond	RB, CC, LMB, BG, GS
CL-10	Boulder City Pond/Veteran's Park	RB, CC, BG

LAKES AND RESERVOIRS		SPECIES
LI-4	Eagle Valley Reservoir	2N, 70E RB, BN, LMB, GS, TT, BCR
LI-5	Echo Canyon Reservoir	1N, 69E RB, LMB, BCR
LI-6	Nesbitt Lake	4S, 60E LMB, BB, BCR, BG, GS
LI-7	Pahrnagat Lake, Upper	7S, 61E LMB, BB, BCR, BG

NYE COUNTY

STREAMS		SPECIES
NY-1	Barker Creek	11N, 45E BK, RB
NY-2	Barley Creek	9N, 47E RB, BK, BN
NY-3	Belcher Creek	10N, 41E BK, RB
NY-4	Blairs Creek	14N, 50E RB
NY-5	Bowman (Clear) Creek	14N, 44E BK, RB
NY-6	Broad Creek	10N, 43E BK
NY-7	Cherry Creek	3N, 58E BN, RB
NY-8	Clear Creek	12N, 50E BK, RB
NY-9	Clear Creek	12N, 39E BK
NY-10	Copenhagen Creek	15N, 49E RB
NY-11	Corcoran Creek	10N, 46E BN
NY-12	Cottonwood Creek	9N, 48E BK, BN, RB
NY-13	Cottonwood Creek	2N, 55E BK
NY-14	Cottonwood Creek	15N, 43E LCT
NY-15	Crane Creek	13N, 39E LCT
NY-16	Danville Creek	10N, 50E BK, RB
NY-17	Forest Home Creek	6N, 58E BN
NY-18	Georges Canyon Creek	5N, 48E BK
NY-19	Green Monster Creek	10N, 49E RB

ESMERALDA COUNTY

STREAMS		SPECIES
ES-1	Chiatovich Creek	RB, BK, BN
ES-2	Davis Creek	2S, 35E BK, RB
ES-3	Indian Creek	2S, 36E BK, RB
ES-4	Ledy Creek	2S, 35E BK, RB
ES-5	Middle Creek	1N, 35E BK, RB
ES-6	Perry Aiken Creek	3S, 36E RB
ES-7	Trail (Rose) Canyon Creek	1N, 34E BK

LAKES AND RESERVOIRS		SPECIES
ES-8	Silver Peak Pond	3S, 38E RB
ES-9	Trail Canyon Reservoir	1S, 34E RB

LAKES AND RESERVOIRS		SPECIES
NY-47	Adams-McGill Reservoir	6N, 61E LMB, RB, BB, BCR
NY-48	Beatty Urban Pond	12S, 47E LMB, RB
NY-49	Cold Springs Reservoir	6N, 61E RB, LMB, BCR, BB
NY-50	Dacey Reservoir	6N, 61E LMB, RB, BB
NY-51	Haymeadow Reservoir	6N, 61E RB, LMB, BB, BCR
NY-52	Sportsmans Park/Rye Patch Pond	5N, 44E RB, GS



Species Abbreviations

BB	..... Bullhead Catfish
BC	..... Bowcutt Trout
BG	..... Bluegill Sunfish
BK	..... Brook Trout
BN	..... Brown Trout
BN	..... Brown Trout
CC	..... Channel Catfish
CR	..... Crappie
GS	..... Green Sunfish
LCT	..... Lahontan Cutthroat Trout
LMB	..... Largemouth Bass
RB	..... Rainbow Trout
RS	..... Redear Sunfish
SMB	..... Smallmouth Bass
STB	..... Striped Bass
TT	..... Tiger Trout
WI	..... Wiper
YP	..... Yellow Perch



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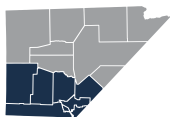
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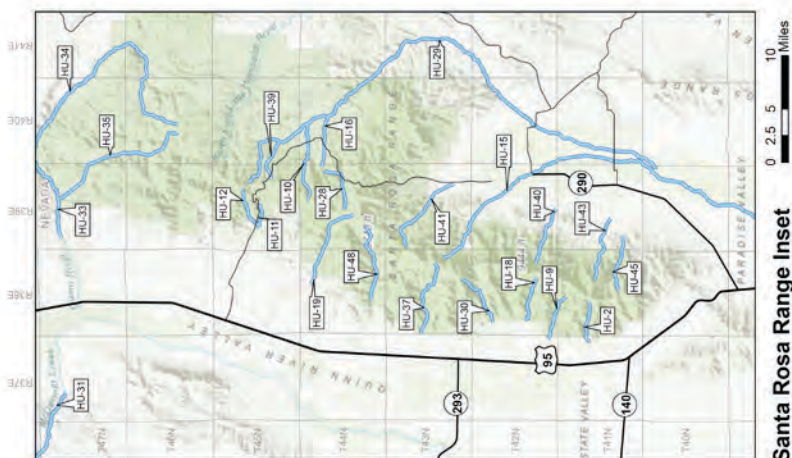
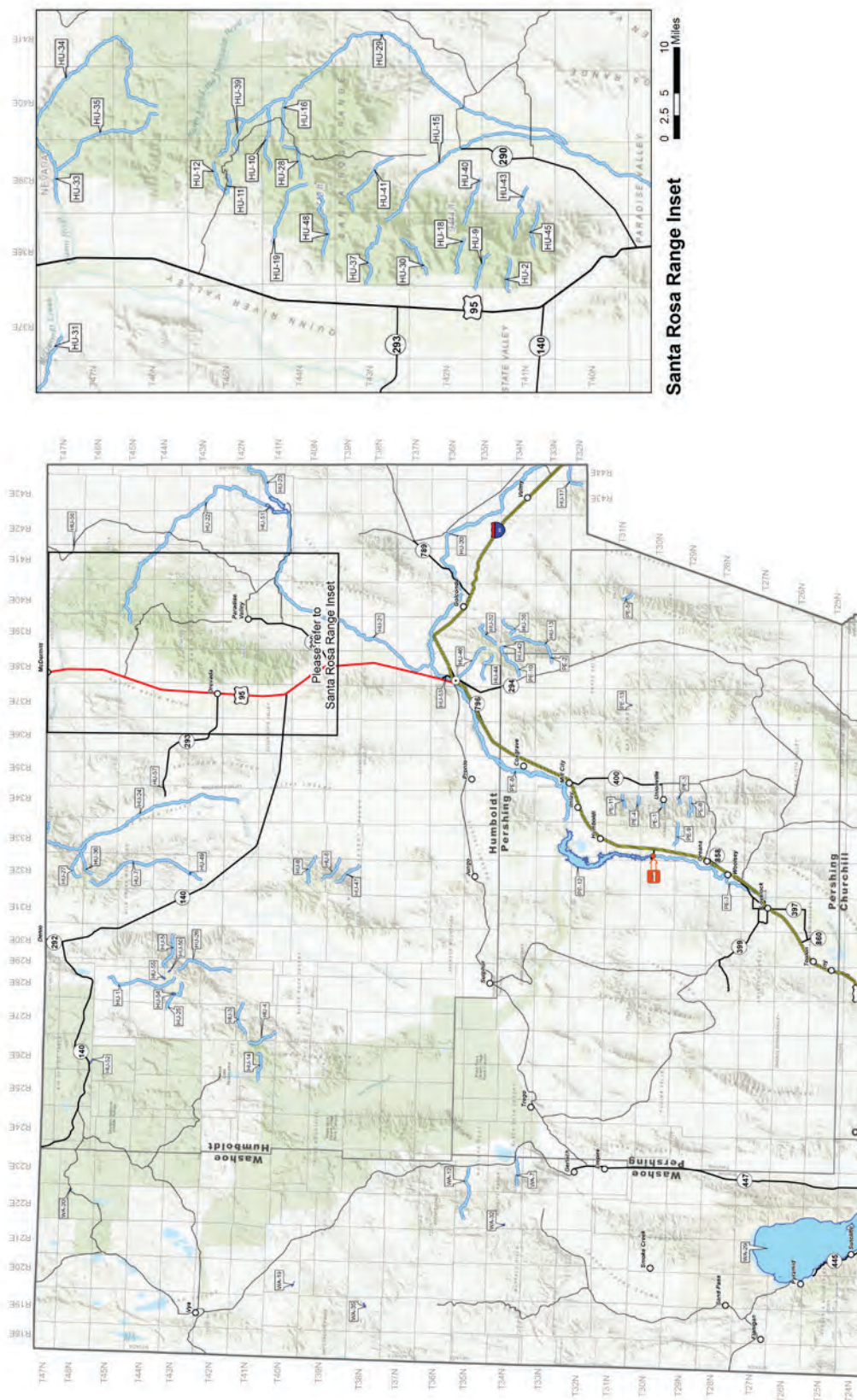




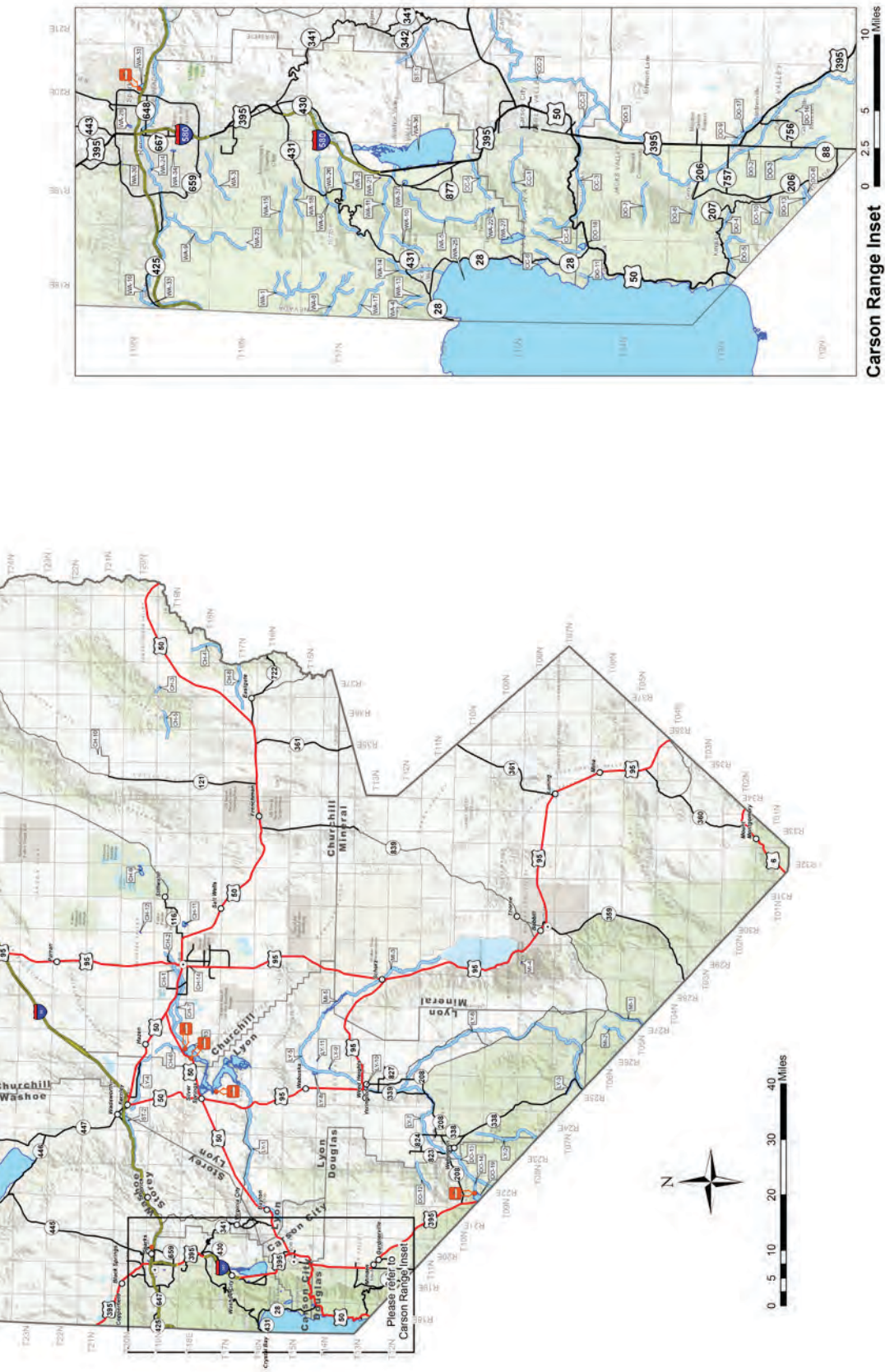


# WESTERN REGION FISHABLE WATERS

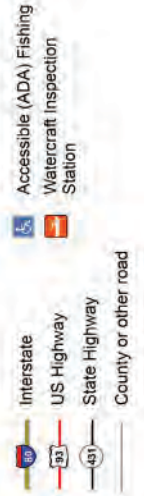
CARSON CITY, CHURCHILL, DOUGLAS, HUMBOLDT, LYON, MINERAL, PERSHING, STOREY, AND WASHOE COUNTIES







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WESTERN REGION FISHABLE WATERS KEY

CARSON CITY

STREAMS		SPECIES
CC-1	Ash Canyon Creek	BK, RB
CC-2	Carson River	RB, BN, BB, CC, WC, GS, YP, WP, SMB, LMB
		15N, 20E
CC-3	Clear Creek	BK, RB
CC-4	North Canyon Creek	BK
CC-5	Sawmill Creek	BK
CC-6	Secret Harbor Creek	BK

LAKES AND RESERVOIRS		SPECIES
CC-7	Baily Fishing Pond	BG, BN, RB, GS

CHURCHILL COUNTY

STREAMS		SPECIES
CH-1	Carson River	RB, BN, BB, CC, WC, GS, YP, WP, SMB, LMB
		19N, 28E
CH-2	Carson River, Lower	BB, CC, SP, WC, WCR, WP, YP
CH-3	Cherry Creek	BK, BN
CH-4	Edwards Creek	LCT
CH-5	Horse Creek	BK
CH-6	Truckee Canal	BB, BN, LMB, RB
CH-7	V Canal	BB, WC
CH-8	Willow Creek	LCT

LAKES AND RESERVOIRS		SPECIES
CH-9	Canvasback Marsh	BB, CC, LMB
CH-10	Dixie Valley Ponds	LMB, BG, GS
CH-11	Harmon Reservoir	BB, LMB, WCR, WB, CC, SP

HUMBOLDT COUNTY

STREAMS		SPECIES
HU-1	Alder Creek	45N, 28E BK, RB
HU-2	Andorno Creek	41N, 38E LCT
HU-3	Barlett Creek	42N, 27E BK, RB
HU-4	Battle Creek, North Fork	41N, 27E LCT
HU-5	Big Creek	44N, 30E BN
HU-6	Big (Alexander) Creek	39N, 32E BK
HU-7	Bilk Creek	45N, 32E RB
HU-8	Bottle Creek	40N, 32E BK, RB
HU-9	Buffalo Creek	42N, 38E BK, RB
HU-10	Cabin Creek	45N, 39E BK, RB
HU-11	Canyon Creek	45N, 39E BK, RB
HU-12	Canyon Creek, North Fork	45N, 39E LCT
HU-13	Clear Creek	33N, 39E BK, RB
HU-14	Colman Creek	41N, 26E LCT
HU-15	Cottonwood Creek, Big	42N, 40E BK, RB
HU-16	Dutch John Creek	44N, 40E BK, RB
HU-17	Elder Creek	33N, 43E BK, RB
HU-18	Falls Canyon Creek	42N, 38E LCT
HU-19	Flat Creek	44N, 38E BK, RB
HU-20	Humboldt River	LMB, SMB, CC, BB, WCR, WP, BG, WC
HU-21	Humboldt River, Little	CC, TM, TT, WCR, WP, BCR, LMB, YP, WI
HU-22	Humboldt River, Little, NF	43N, 42E RB, BK, BN, LCT
HU-23	Humboldt River, Little, SF	41N, 43E LCT, RB
HU-24	Kings River	45N, 34E BK, RB
HU-25	Knott Creek	43N, 27E BK, RB
HU-26	Leonard Creek	43N, 30E BK, RB
HU-27	Log Cabin Creek	47N, 32E BK, RB
HU-28	Lye Creek	44N, 39E BK, RB
HU-29	Martin Creek	43N, 41E BN, RB
HU-30	McConnell Creek	43N, 38E BK
HU-31	McDermitt Creek	BK, LCT, RB
HU-32	Pole Creek	35N, 39E BK

LAKES AND RESERVOIRS (CONT.)		SPECIES
HU-53	James Kinney Pond	BG, CC, LMB, RB
HU-54	Knott Creek Reservoir	BC, RB, TT, BN
HU-55	Onion Valley Reservoir	BC, RB, TT
HU-56	Piccolo Pond	47N, 41E BN, RB
HU-57	Thacker Pond	44N, 34E BN, LMB, RB

LYON COUNTY

STREAMS		SPECIES
LY-1	Carson River	RB, BN, BB, CC, WC, GS, YP, WP, SMB, LMB
		16N, 23E
LY-2	Desert Creek	9N, 23E RB, BN, BK, TT
LY-3	Sweetwater Creek	7N, 25E BK, BN, RB, W
LY-4	Truckee Canal	20N, 25E RB, BN
LY-5	Walker River	15N, 27E BN, CC, LMB, RB
LY-6	Walker River, East Fork	10N, 27E RB, BN, W, LMB
LY-7	Walker River, West Fork	12N, 24E RB, BN, W, LMB

LAKES AND RESERVOIRS		SPECIES
LY-8	Fort Churchill Cooling Pond	15N, 25E BB, CC, LMB, RB
LY-9	Hinkson Slough	BG, LMB, RB, BC, BN
LY-10	Mountain View Pond	13N, 25E RB
LY-11	North Pond	15N, 26E BG, LMB, RB

MINERAL COUNTY

STREAMS		SPECIES
MI-1	Bodie Creek	5N, 28E BC, BN, RB
MI-2	Rough Creek	6N, 27E BC, BN, RB
MI-3	Walker River	12N, 29E BB, BG, CC, LMB, SP, WC

LAKES AND RESERVOIRS		SPECIES
PE-12	Rye Patch Reservoir (RPR)	32N, 32E BB, CC, LMB, SB, WCR, WI, WP, YP, WB, BCR, WC
PE-13	Spaulding Pond	31N, 37E BN, RB

STOREY COUNTY

STREAMS		SPECIES
ST-1	American Flat Wash	16N, 20E RB
ST-2	Truckee Canal	20N, 24E BB, BN, LMB, RB

WASHOE COUNTY

STREAMS		SPECIES
WA-1	Bronco Creek	18N, 18E BK, LCT, RB
WA-2	Browns Creek	17N, 19E BK
WA-3	Evans Creek	18N, 19E BK
WA-4	First Creek	16N, 18E BK
WA-5	Franktown Creek	16N, 18E BK
WA-6	Galena Creek	17N, 19E BK, RB
WA-7	Granite Creek	33N, 23E BK
WA-8	Gray Creek	17N, 18E BK, BN, LCT
WA-9	Hunter Creek	19N, 18E BK, RB
WA-10	Incline Creek	16N, 19E BK, KS, RB
WA-11	Ophir Creek	17N, 19E BK, RB
WA-12	Red Mountain Creek	36N, 23E BK
WA-13	Second Creek	16N, 18E BK
WA-14	Third Creek	17N, 18E BK, KS, RB
WA-15	Thomas Creek	18N, 19E RB, BK
WA-16	Truckee River	19N, 18E RB, BN, LCT, W, CC, LMB, BB, GS, SP, BK
WA-17	West Fork Gray Creek	17N, 18E BK, LCT
WA-18	Whites Creek	17N, 19E RB, BK

LAKES AND RESERVOIRS		SPECIES
WA-19	Boulder Reservoir	40N, 20E RB
WA-20	Catnip Reservoir	46N, 22E LCT

<b>WA-21</b>	Davis Creek Pond	17N, 19E	RB
<b>WA-22</b>	Hobart Reservoir	15N, 19E	BC, BK, RB, TT
<b>WA-23</b>	Hunter Lake	18N, 18E	BK
<b>WA-24</b>	Idlewild Pond	19N, 19E	BB, BN, KS, LMB, MT, RB, W
<b>WA-25</b>	Lake Tahoe	14N, 18E	
<b>WA-26</b>	Marilyn's Pond	17N, 19E	BK, BN, RB
<b>WA-27</b>	Marlette Lake	15N, 18E	BK, LCT, RB
<b>WA-28</b>	Paradise Pond	19N, 20E	BC, BG, BN, CC, GS, LMB, RB
<b>WA-29</b>	Pyramid Lake	25N, 21E	LCT, SP
<b>WA-30</b>	Rancho San Rafael Pond	19N, 19E	BG, LMB, PS, RB
<b>WA-31</b>	Sparks Marina	19N, 20E	BN, CC, GS, RB, SB, SMB, TT
<b>WA-32</b>	Squaw Valley Reservoir	34N, 22E	BB, BN, GS, LMB, RB, SB
<b>WA-33</b>	Verdi Pond	19N, 18E	LCT, RB
<b>WA-34</b>	Virginia Lake	19N, 19E	BC, BN, CC, LMB, RB
<b>WA-35</b>	Wall Canyon Reservoir	38N, 19E	BC, BN, RB, SMB
<b>WA-36</b>	Washoe Lake	16N, 19E	BB, CC, SP, WB, LMB, WCR
<b>WA-37</b>	Wilson Common Pond	16N, 19E	RB, SP, WCR



LAKES AND RESERVOIRS			SPECIES
<b>MI-4</b>	Rose Creek Reservoir	8N, 29E	TT
<b>MI-5</b>	Weber Reservoir	14N, 28E	CC, LMB, SP, WC, WCR, BCR

## PERSHING COUNTY

STREAMS			SPECIES
<b>PE-1</b>	Buena Vista Creek	30N, 34E	BK, RB
<b>PE-2</b>	Clear Creek	33N, 38E	BK, RB
<b>PE-3</b>	Cottonwood Creek	29N, 35E	BK
<b>PE-4</b>	Coyote Creek	31N, 34E	BN
<b>PE-5</b>	Hoffman Canyon Creek	31N, 40E	BK, LCT, RB
<b>PE-6</b>	Humboldt River	34N, 35E	LMB, CC, WP, SMB, SB, WI, WB, WCR, YP, BCR, WC
<b>PE-7</b>	Humboldt River (below RPR)	28N, 31E	LMB, CC, WP, SMB, SB, WI, WB, WCR, YP, BCR, WC
<b>PE-8</b>	Indian Creek	29N, 34E	BK, RB
<b>PE-9</b>	Rocky Creek	29N, 33E	BK, RB
<b>PE-10</b>	Sonoma Creek	34N, 38E	BK, RB
<b>PE-11</b>	Star Creek	31N, 34E	RB

<b>HU-33</b>	Quinn River	47N, 39E	BK, BN, RB
<b>HU-34</b>	Quinn River, East Fork	47N, 41E	RB, BK, BN
<b>HU-35</b>	Quinn River, South Fork	47N, 40E	BN, RB
<b>HU-36</b>	Raster Creek	46N, 32E	BK, RB
<b>HU-37</b>	Rebel Creek	43N, 38E	BK, RB
<b>HU-38</b>	Rock Creek	34N, 39E	BK
<b>HU-39</b>	Siard Creek	45N, 40E	BK, RB
<b>HU-40</b>	Singas Creek	42N, 39E	BK, RB
<b>HU-41</b>	Solid Silver Creek	43N, 39E	RB
<b>HU-42</b>	Sonoma Creek	34N, 39E	BK, RB
<b>HU-43</b>	Stone House Creek	41N, 39E	BK, RB
<b>HU-44</b>	Thomas Creek	35N, 38E	RB
<b>HU-45</b>	Wash O'Neil Creek	40N, 38E	BK, RB
<b>HU-46</b>	Water Canyon Creek	36N, 38E	RB, BK
<b>HU-47</b>	Willow Creek	39N, 32E	BK
<b>HU-48</b>	Willow Creek	44N, 38E	BK, RB

LAKES AND RESERVOIRS			SPECIES
<b>HU-49</b>	Blilk Creek Reservoir	43N, 32E	BG, LMB, RB, TT
<b>HU-50</b>	Blue Lakes	43N, 28E	BC, BK, RB, TT
<b>HU-51</b>	Chimney Reservoir	41N, 43E	CC, TM, TT, WCR, WP, BCR, LMB, YP, WI
<b>HU-52</b>	Dufurrena Ponds	46N, 26E	BG, LMB, RS, WCR, YP

<b>CH-12</b>	Indian Lakes	20N, 30E	BB, CC, LMB, SP, WB, WC, YP, WCR
<b>CH-13</b>	Lahontan Reservoir	18N, 25E	BB, CC, LMB, SB, WB, WC, WCR, WI, WP, BCR
<b>CH-14</b>	Liberty Pond	18N, 28E	BG, CC, LMB, RB

## DOUGLAS COUNTY

STREAMS			SPECIES
<b>DO-1</b>	Carson River	14N, 20E	RB, BN, BB, CC, WC, GS, YP, WP, SMB, LMB, YP
<b>DO-2</b>	Carson River, East Fork	13N, 19E	RB, BN, W
<b>DO-3</b>	Carson River, West Fork	12N, 19E	BB, BN, LMB, RB, W
<b>DO-4</b>	Daggett Creek	13N, 19E	BK
<b>DO-5</b>	Edgewood Creek	13N, 18E	BK, RB
<b>DO-6</b>	Genoa Creek	13N, 19E	BK
<b>DO-7</b>	James Creek	14N, 19E	BK
<b>DO-8</b>	Jobs Creek	12N, 19E	BK
<b>DO-9</b>	Martin Slough	13N, 20E	CC, RB
<b>DO-10</b>	Mott Canyon Creek	13N, 19E	BK
<b>DO-11</b>	North Canyon Creek	14N, 18E	BK, RB
<b>DO-12</b>	Red Canyon Creek	11N, 22E	BK
<b>DO-13</b>	Sheridan Creek	12N, 19E	BK
<b>DO-14</b>	Topaz Canal	10N, 23E	BN, RB, W, SMB
<b>DO-15</b>	Walker River, West Fork	10N, 23E	RB, BN, W, LMB, CC, SMB

## Species Abbreviations

BB	.....	Bullhead Catfish	RB	.....	Rainbow Trout
BC	.....	Bowcutt Trout	RS	.....	Redear Sunfish
BK	.....	Bluegill Sunfish	SB	.....	Spotted Bass
BK	.....	Brook Trout	SMB	.....	Smallmouth Bass
BN	.....	Brown Trout	SP	.....	Sacramento Perch
CC	.....	Channel Catfish	TT	.....	Tiger Trout
CR	.....	Crappie	TM	.....	Tiger Musky
GS	.....	Green Sunfish	W	.....	Whitefish
KS	.....	Kokanee Salmon	WB	.....	White Bass
LCT	.....	Lahontan Cutthroat Trout	WC	.....	White Catfish
LMB	.....	Largemouth Bass	WI	.....	Wiper
MT	.....	Mackinaw Trout	WP	.....	Walleye
PS	.....	Pumpkinseed	YP	.....	Yellow Perch



# GENERAL STATEWIDE REGULATIONS

Fishing regulations are effective Jan. 1, 2021 - Dec. 31, 2021.

All Regulations are applicable to CR 20-01 Amendment #1.

## LICENSE REQUIREMENTS

All persons fishing are subject to the license requirements listed below. Except for some "interstate waters" (Lake Tahoe, Topaz Lake, Lake Mead, Lake Mohave, Colorado River), anglers 12 years of age and older are required to obtain and possess a license or permit to fish. Nonresident anglers under 12 years of age are not required to have a license, but the number of fish taken by such nonresident anglers must not exceed 50 percent of the limit as provided by law. (For instance, if the limit is five, these young anglers may take only two fish.) Fishing license and permit requirements also apply to persons taking fish by means of spear or bow and arrow. (Refer to NRS 502.010)

## LIMITS

"Limit" means the maximum number of game fish that may be lawfully taken and reduced to possession by a person. The "Limit" includes fish caught in Nevada which have been processed or preserved and are stored at any location. Fish that are caught and immediately released back to the water alive are not considered to be reduced to possession or part of the limit. Limits for individual counties are specified under each Region's General Regulations. Limits for waters, which have special limits or restrictions, are listed under each Region's Special Regulations. (Refer to CR 20-01 Amendment #1)

## POSSESSION LIMIT VS. DAILY LIMIT

In this state, there is no distinction between a "daily" limit and a "possession" limit. There is simply a "limit." An angler may not have more than one limit in possession. For example, if an angler fishes one body of water where the limit is four trout and takes his limit, he may not then move to a body of water where the limit is two trout and keep any more fish.

## SIZE LIMIT

Unless otherwise noted under Region General Regulations or Region Special Regulations, there is no size limit. Where size limits do apply, this

shall mean the total length of the fish including the head and tail, measured as illustrated in the diagram. (Refer to NAC 503.500)



## SEASONS AND HOURS

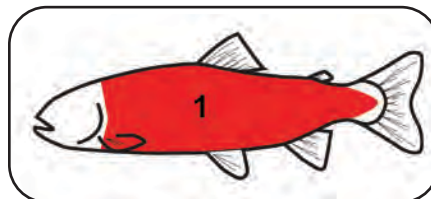
Unless otherwise noted under Region Special Regulations, the season is open year around and fishing hours are any time of the day or night. Where specified, "open season" includes the first and last day designated. (Refer to NRS 501.065)

## "FISHES," "FISHING," "FISHED" AND "TO FISH" DEFINED

The words "to fish" and their derivatives, "fishes," "fishing" and "fished," mean catching, taking, capturing, killing, injuring or crippling of a fish and every attempt to do so. (Refer to NRS 501.030)

## FILLETING FISH

Where size limits apply, fish may be filleted before transport if the remainder of the carcass of each fish filleted is kept in one piece so size and possession limits can be immediately determined. It is unlawful for any person to cause through carelessness, neglect or otherwise any edible portion of any game fish to go to waste needlessly. In the case of game fish, the fillet meat from the operculum (gill plate) to the caudal fin (tail fin). (NAC 503.586)



## METHODS OF FISHING

Fish may be taken only with hook and line attached to rod or reel and closely attended in the manner known as angling. No more than three baited hooks, nor more than three fly hooks, or two lures or plugs irrespective of the number of hooks or attractor blades attached thereto, may be attached to the line. Some waters have further restrictions. No more than two lines may be used (Except as noted under "Spearfishing /Bowfishing" and "Unprotected Fish"). (Refer to NRS 503.290)

## SPEARFISHING/ BOWFISHING

Persons may spearfish for **unprotected** fish in all Nevada waters except Lake Tahoe and Topaz Lake. Persons may spearfish for striped bass in Lake Mead and Lake Mohave from Cottonwood Cove to the cable below Hoover Dam. Spearfishing for striped bass is prohibited in that portion of Lake Mohave from Cottonwood Cove to Davis Dam and from Davis Dam down river to the Nevada state line. In Lakes Mead and Mohave and the Colorado River system, spearfishing is prohibited within 1/2 mile of any dock or swimming area. When spearfishing, a person must display, within 100 feet, an appropriate diver's flag. A mechanical spearing device may be used only under the surface of the water, and the spear must be attached to the device by a lanyard. **Fishing license regulations apply to persons taking fish by means of spear or bow and arrow.** (Refer to NAC 503.590-592) Only unprotected fish may be taken with a bow and arrow except where prohibited (Refer to NAC 503.580) Please contact the county you'll be fishing in prior to assure you are in compliance with county regulations.

## GENERAL STATEWIDE BAIT USE

Any person possessing a fishing license or permit, or otherwise exempted from such licenses, may capture, transport and use live baitfish, aquatic bait, or commercially prepared and preserved baitfish for fishing or personal consumption where specified by Region.

**Live baitfish** means live, unprotected species of freshwater fish.

**Aquatic bait** means live, unprotected amphibians (such as salamanders, waterdogs, and frogs), crustaceans (such as crayfish), mollusks (such as clams and snails), insects (such as grasshoppers), or worms (such as natural earthworms or purchased nightcrawlers or redworms).

The use of any **game fish** (see page 32) or **protected species** (see page 34) as bait and parts thereof is prohibited, except preserved salmon eggs.

**Commercially Prepared and Preserved bait** means dead dried, frozen, or liquid (such as in

mineral oil, isopropyl alcohol, or ethyl alcohol), dry (such as in salt or borax), or other proprietary preserved or cured fish or their parts or aquatic bait.

Any bait obtained from a licensed dealer of live bait fish must be accompanied by a current dated receipt by that dealer. See page 36 for regulations for bait fishing by region.

## CHUMMING

“Chumming” means placing fish, parts of fish or other material upon which fish feed, in the water for the purpose of attracting fish to a particular area so that they may be taken. Chumming is prohibited in Lake Tahoe, Topaz Lake, Spooner Lake and the entire Ruby Lake National Wildlife Refuge. (Refer to NRS 501.013)

## UNPROTECTED FISH

Unprotected fish are all species not classified as game or protected (game fish are listed on page 38). Unprotected fish may be taken by bow and arrow, hook and line, dipnet, cast net, minnow seine or minnow trap, and, except where prohibited, by spear. In the Colorado River and Lakes Mead and Mohave, the taking of fish by bow and arrow is prohibited within 1/2 mile of any dock or swimming area. **Fishing license regulations apply to persons taking unprotected fish by means of hook and line, bow and arrow or spear.**

## ICE FISHING

For the purposes of ice fishing, holes cut through the ice must not exceed 10 inches in diameter. (Refer to NAC 503.583)

## ARTIFICIAL LURES

“Artificial Lures” means any device with a hook or hooks attached which is made partly or entirely of rubber, wood, metal, glass, plastic or feathers. (Please note: PowerBait® or similar products are not considered artificial lures.) (Refer to NAC 503.500)

## ARTIFICIAL LURES WITH SINGLE BARBLESS HOOKS

A “single barbless hook” means a fish hook having one point, manufactured without barbs or on which the barbs have been bent completely closed or filed off. Double or treble hooks having a common shank are not a single barbless hook even when the barbs are closed or filed off. When single barbless hooks are required, only one single barbless hook may be attached to each hook eye or ring of the lure. (Refer to NAC 503.500)

## HOOK IDENTIFICATION



Single Barbed Hook



Single Barbless Hook



Treble Hook

## NORTHERN PIKE

Northern pike are not classified as game fish; they are a prohibited species. Anglers wishing to keep northern pike to eat are required to kill them upon capture. There is no limit for northern pike, and anglers who wish to assist in the removal of northern pike from the waters of the state and who wish to dispose of them may do so without regard for Nevada's wanton waste laws. The importation, transportation or possession of live northern pike is prohibited (Refer to NAC 503.110).

## GAME FISH TRANSPORTATION

Game fish taken under the authority of a fishing license or fishing permit may not be transported alive from the body of water where the game fish is taken. It is not illegal to keep game fish alive and in a live well, net or on a stringer while at the body of water from which they are caught. **Anglers must kill fish to be transported away from the body of water.** Under no circumstances can game fish be transported in

## ARTIFICIAL LURE REGULATIONS BY LOCATION

**Only artificial lures may be used in the following waters:**

1. The Collection Ditch at Ruby Lake NWR in Elko County.
2. Dacey Reservoir on the Kirch WMA in Nye County.
3. Hinkson Slough on the Mason Valley WMA in Lyon County
4. Tonkin Springs Reservoir in Eureka County.

**Only artificial lures with single barbless hooks may be used in these waters:**

- Knott Creek Reservoir including inlet and outlet streams in Humboldt County.
- Hobart Reservoir (Washoe County), its tributaries and Franktown Creek downstream to Red House.
- Catnip Reservoir in Washoe County.
- South Fork of the Humboldt River (Elko County) from the access causeway for the Lucky Nugget subdivision upstream to Lee.
- East Walker River (Lyon County) from 1/4 mile above the confluence of the East Walker River and Sweetwater Creek downstream to 1/2 mile below the confluence of the East Walker River and Red Wash Creek.
- Marlette Lake including tributaries and outlet stream in Washoe County.
- Smith Creek Reservoir in Lander County.
- Truckee River (Washoe and Storey County) in that portion from the East Mustang Road bridge downstream to the Pyramid Lake Paiute Reservation boundary.

**Please see pages 38-49 for more information on special regulations in the eastern, southern, and western regions.**



a manner which would allow for their release alive at another body of water. The transport and release of live wildlife without a permit is illegal. (Refer to NAC 503.115)

## BULLFROGS

There is no license requirement or limit on bullfrogs if they are taken by gig, spear, bow and arrow or by hand. However, **a license is required to take bullfrogs by hook and line.** Season is open year around anytime of the day or night in waters that are open to fishing or frogging. Bullfrogs are a non-indigenous species that may not be transported alive from the body of water where taken. (Refer to NAC 503.580 and 503.100)

## CRAYFISH

A fishing license is not required to capture crayfish for personal consumption or use as bait. When used as bait, crayfish may only be used in the water where captured and other bait restrictions apply (see page 36). There is no limit on crayfish. A license is required to take crayfish by hook

and line. A permit is required to take crayfish for commercial purposes at Lake Tahoe (crayfish may not be taken for commercial purposes from any other Nevada water.) (Refer to NAC 503.100 and 503.540)

## COLDWATER GAME FISH

Coldwater game fish are: Bonneville cutthroat trout, Lahontan cutthroat trout, Snake River (Yellowstone) cutthroat trout, Kokanee salmon, brook trout, brown trout, bull trout, lake trout (Mackinaw), rainbow trout, redband trout, mountain whitefish and any hybrid thereof. (Refer to NAC 503.060)

## WARMWATER GAME FISH

Warmwater game fish are: black bullhead, brown bullhead, channel catfish, white catfish, striped bass, white bass, largemouth bass, smallmouth

bass, spotted bass, black crappie, white crappie, tiger muskie, yellow perch, Sacramento perch, bluegill sunfish, pumpkinseed sunfish, green sunfish, redear sunfish, walleye and any hybrid thereof. (Refer to NAC 503.060)

## PROTECTED FISH AND AMPHIBIANS

Protected fish and amphibians are those species listed in NAC 503.065, 503.075 and 503.067. There is no open season on fish or amphibians classified as protected.

**NOTE:** Artificial lure-only waters are listed on page 33. Fishing with Bait Fish table on page 36.

## REGLAS DE LA PESCA

### (Regulations in Spanish)

Una licencia o un permiso de corto plazo es requerido para cualquier persona que tiene 12 años o más cuando están pescando en la mayoría de las aguas de Nevada. Las excepciones son:

- Lake Tahoe y el Topaz Lake donde la edad mínima es 16 años; y
- El sistema del Río Colorado (Lake Mead, Lake Mohave, y el Río Colorado) donde la edad mínima es 12 años.

Por el sistema del Río Colorado, un "sello de uso especial" de Nevada o Arizona puede que sea requerido en ciertas circunstancias.

Para calificar para una licencia de caza o pesca de "residente" de Nevada, hay que:

- Ser un ciudadano de los Estados Unidos o tener derecho legal para permanecer en los Estados Unidos;
- Ha vivido continuamente en Nevada, excepto ausencias temporales, por un período de 6 meses antes de comprar una licencia de "residente" o permiso; y
- No haber aplicado para o comprado una licencia de "residente" para pesca, caza, en algun otro estado durante el período de 6 meses en lo que se ha vivido en Nevada.

Mientras pescando para la trucha en la mayoría de las aguas de Nevada, una persona debe haber comprado un sello de "trucha", firmado, y fijado a su licencia de pesca. Un sello de trucha no es requerido para una persona que tiene menos de 16 años en Lake Tahoe O Topaz Lake, una persona que tiene menos de 12 años en el sistema del Río Colorado, una persona que tiene menos de 12 años en otras aguas de Nevada, o una persona que pesca bajo la autoridad de un permiso a corto plazo.

Con pocas excepciones, una persona solo puede coger peces de "caza."

Con un anzuelo y sedal fijado a un carrete que está bien atendido por esa persona. Se puede usar un arpón para pescar para perca rayada en Lake Mead y partes particulares de Lake Mohave y el Río Colorado.

Es prohibido coger o intentar pesca de "caza" con una red, trampas, o sedales "puestos".

Es ilegal pescar con una segunda combinación de anzuelos, sedales, y carretes, a menos que tenga un "sello de segundo sedal". El sello tiene que ser firmado y fijado a la licencia de pesca. Es prohibido para una persona pescar con más de dos combinaciones de anzuelo, sedal, y carrete.

Para cada masa de agua en el estado, hay "límites" del número de peces que se puede coger y ser poseídos por un pescador.

Es prohibido usar partes de peces de caza para cebo.

Una vez que una persona haya cogido y tiene un límite de pescado, no se puede coger más pescado para completar su límite o el límite de otra persona.

### Barcos

Hay que tener un aparato personal de flotación (PFD o chaleco salvavidas) del tamaño apropiado, aprobado por el Guardacostas de los Estados Unidos, para cada persona en el barco.

En barcos que midiendo 16 pies y más, tiene que haber un aparato de flotación además de los aparatos requeridos que todos llevan.

Un niño que tiene 13 años o menos tiene que llevar un chaleco salvavidas de tamaño apropiado cuando el barco está en curso, a menos que el niño está en un lugar completamente incluido en el barco.

Es ilegal manejar un barco de motor o vela mientras esta bajo la influencia de alcohol o droga.

# SHOOTERS & HUNTERS: HELP PREVENT WILDFIRES.

**T**he target shooting and hunting community prides itself on being safe and responsible with firearms in all situations—from using them outdoors to storing them safely at home. Sometimes, however, unusual conditions such as extremely dry environments require an extra level of awareness and safety on the part of shooters.

Wildfires have many possible causes. The National Shooting Sports Foundation, the trade association for the firearms and ammunition industry, reminds all shooters that during dry and hot weather conditions their use of certain ammunition and targets could accidentally ignite a wildfire. NSSF reminds all target shooters and hunters, as well as other outdoor enthusiasts, to consider the potential consequences of their activities in fire-prone environments.

- **Make it a point to know the regulations and rules related to shooting in areas experiencing dry and hot conditions, whether on public or private land or at shooting ranges. Many national forests, for example, do not allow recreational shooting when fire restrictions are in effect.**
- **Consider the type of ammunition and targets you are using. Minimize the risk of fires by not using steel-jacketed ammunition, ammunition with steel-core components, tracer rounds or exploding targets in fire-prone areas.**
- **Remember that equipment, such as cars and ATVs, can have extremely hot exhaust systems that could ignite dry vegetation, so park only in designated areas.**
- **Extinguish and dispose of smoking materials safely.**
- **Follow guidelines to extinguish campfires.**
- **Warn others of potential dangers and behaviors for starting wildfires.**
- **Report any wildfire you see to authorities.**
- **Spread this message to other target shooters, hunters and outdoor enthusiasts.**



NSSF.ORG





# FISHING WITH BAIT FISH

The use of bait fish, whether dead or alive or the parts thereof, other than preserved salmon eggs, is prohibited in all waters except those listed below.

## EASTERN REGION

The capture, possession, or use of fish as bait, whether dead or alive or the parts thereof, including commercially prepared and preserved baitfish is prohibited other than preserved salmon eggs. Aquatic bait may be used only in the water from which it is taken. See page 33 for waters that require special lure regulations. (Refer to NAC 503.502 - NAC 503.507)



## SOUTHERN REGION

*In Lake Mead, Lake Mohave, and the Colorado River, only golden shiner, fathead minnow, threadfin shad, and goldfish may be lawfully purchased or may be personally taken from and used only in these waters. In addition, carp, gizzard shad, and mosquitofish may be used as bait, but only may be taken from and used in Lake Mead, Lake Mohave, and the Colorado River.* Live bait fish in the Colo-

rado River, Lake Mead, or Lake Mohave, may be taken for a person's own use with a dipnet, a cast net having a radius not exceeding four feet from horn to leadline, a seine not exceeding 10 feet in length and four feet in width, or a minnow trap not exceeding 12 inches in width, 12 inches in depth, and 24 inches in length. Commercially prepared and preserved baitfish or their parts may be used as bait. Aquatic bait may be used only in the water from which it is taken.

In all other waters of the Southern Region, the capture, possession, or use of baitfish, whether dead or alive or the parts thereof, other than preserved salmon eggs, and commercially prepared and preserved baitfish is prohibited. Aquatic bait may be used only in the water from which it is taken. See page 33 for waters that require special lure regulations. (Refer to NAC 503.502 - NAC 503.507)

### SOUTHERN REGION BAIT REGULATIONS

SPECIFIC WATERS WHERE BAIT FISH MAY BE USED	* SPECIES APPROVED FOR USE AS LIVE BAIT TAKEN ONLY	* SPECIES APPROVED FOR USE AS LIVE BAIT TAKEN OR PURCHASED
Lake Mead, Lake Mohave and the Colorado River located in Clark County	Mosquitofish, Carp, Gizzard Shad	Fathead Minnow, Golden Shiner, Threadfin Shad, Goldfish
All other waters	Capture, possession or use of baitfish whether alive or dead is prohibited	

## WESTERN REGION

*In the waters of the Carson River Basin; Humboldt River Basin from Stall Diversion Dam downstream including in Rye Patch Reservoir, the Pitt Taylor Reservoir, and Chimney Reservoir; the Nevada portion of Lake Tahoe; the Truckee River except from the E. Mustang Road Bridge downstream to the Pyramid Lake Paiute Reservation boundary;*

*and the Walker River from the railroad bridge near Wabuska downstream to and including Walker Lake, live bait fish and aquatic bait may be used only in the river basin from which it is taken. Commercially prepared and preserved baitfish or their parts may be used as bait in these waters.*

In all other waters of the Western Region, the capture, possession, or use of baitfish, whether dead or alive or the parts thereof, other than

preserved salmon eggs, and commercially prepared and preserved baitfish is prohibited. Aquatic bait may be used only in the water from which it is taken. See page 33 for waters that require special lure regulations. (Refer to NAC 503.502 - NAC 503.507)

### WESTERN REGION BAIT REGULATIONS

WHERE LIVE BAIT FISH MAY BE USED	BAIT REGULATIONS
Carson River Basin	Live bait fish and aquatic bait may be used only in the river basin from which it is taken. Commercially prepared and preserved baitfish or their parts may be used as bait.
Humboldt River Basin, in the Humboldt River from Stall Diversion Dam (near Golconda, Humboldt County) downstream, including in Rye Patch Reservoir, the Pitt-Taylor and Chimney reservoirs. All waters of the Lovelock Valley and the Little Humboldt River downstream of Chimney Reservoir.	
The Lake Tahoe Basin located in Carson City and Douglas and Washoe Counties.	
The Truckee River Basin, except in the Truckee River from the E Mustang Road bridge (I-80 Exit 23) downstream to the Pyramid Lake Paiute Reservation boundary.	
Walker River, from the railroad bridge near Wabuska downstream to and including Walker Lake, excluding waters on the Walker River Paiute Tribe Reservation.	

# ACCESSIBLE (ADA) FISHING IN NEVADA

This section contains information on accessible fishing sites in wildlife management areas, lakes, ponds, streams, etc. that have Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) ramps or entrances for people to fish and clean fish from. All of these locations are noted on the Fishable Waters Maps included in this publication. If you have a suggestion of new access locations please email [bkenna@ndow.org](mailto:bkenna@ndow.org) or call one of our regional offices listed on page 3.

## EASTERN NEVADA

**Cave Lake** – ADA pier and disabled parking.

## SOUTHERN NEVADA

**Eagle Valley Reservoir** – Accessible fishing pier and boat ramp.

**Floyd Lamb Park Ponds** – Paved and hard dirt paths around ponds provide access.

**Lake Mead** – Access varies with lake level. Contact National Park Service at 702-293-8990.

**Lake Mohave** – On the Nevada side of Lake Mohave, Cottonwood Cove has ADA accessible boat docks, fish cleaning stations, restrooms, marina, and restaurant. On the Arizona side of Lake Mohave, both Willow Beach and Katherine's Landing have the same amenities as Cottonwood Cove and ADA accessible fishing piers.

**Lorenzi Park Pond** – Accessible fishing around the pond via a paved path.

**Sunset Park Pond** – Accessible fishing around the pond via a paved path.

**Veteran's Memorial Park Pond** – Accessible fishing around the pond via a paved path.

## WESTERN NEVADA

**Baily Fishing Pond** – One fishing pier.

**Liberty Pond** – One wooden fishing dock with two wheelchair accessible fishing locations, concrete path around pond.

**Marilyn's Pond** – One fishing pier.

**Mason Valley WMA:** One ADA accessible boat ramp at North Pond. The front dike at Hinkson Slough, Bass Pond and North Pond can be accessed quite easily by the ADA. There are four ADA accessible bathrooms: one at Hinkson Slough, one at the Sandridge Campground, one at the Shoveler Parking Area and one by the boat ramp and campground for North Pond.

**Mitch Park Pond** (Gardnerville, NV) – One concrete fishing platform.

**Paradise Pond** – Two concrete fishing platforms on the east side of the north pond.

**Sparks Marina** – One fishing pier at the southwest end of the lake.

**Verdi Pond** at Crystal Peak Park – Three accessible ramps and piers.

**Virginia Lake** – One fishing pier on the east side.

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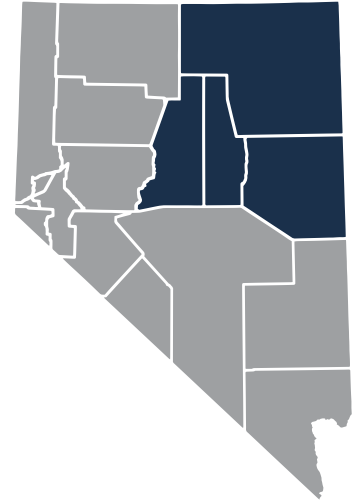
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# EASTERN REGION REGULATIONS



The **Eastern Region** includes the four counties of northeastern Nevada: Elko, Eureka, Lander and White Pine. Popular fishing waters include Wildhorse, Wilson, Willow Creek, Jakes Creek, Illipah and South Fork reservoirs, Groves Lake, Bassett Lake, Cave Lake, Ruby Lake, other high mountain lakes and several streams located throughout the area. **The Eastern Region NDOW Office** is located at 60 Youth Center Road, Elko, NV 89801, (775) 777-2300.

**Important Note:** Within the Eastern Region the general fishing seasons, hours, limits, and regulations apply to all waters EXCEPT those listed under “**Eastern Region Special Regulations**”. If the water in which you intend to fish is not listed under the Eastern Region’s Special Regulations, then the General Regulations shall apply.

**All game fish must be dead before being transported away from the body of water where caught.**

## EASTERN REGION GENERAL REGULATIONS

Open year around, any hour of the day or night.

## EASTERN REGION LIMITS

Except as noted under “Special Regulations,” the limits are as follows:

### STREAMS AND RIVERS

**Elko County:** The limit is 10 trout, 10 mountain whitefish, and 15 warmwater game fish of which not more than 10 may be black bass. No limit on northern pike or yellow perch (unlimited possession). No bull trout are allowed in possession.

**Eureka, Lander and White Pine Counties:** The limit is 10 trout and 15 warmwater game fish of which not more than 10 may be black bass. No limit on northern pike or yellow perch (unlimited possession).

### LAKES AND RESERVOIRS

**Elko, Eureka, Lander and White Pine Counties:** The limit is 5 trout, and 15 warmwater game fish of which not more than 10 may be black bass. No limit on northern pike or yellow perch (unlimited possession).

## ARTIFICIAL LURE WATERS

See page 33.

## BAIT REGULATIONS

While fishing in this region, the capture, possession, or use of fish as bait, whether dead or alive or the parts thereof, including commercially prepared and preserved baitfish is prohibited other than preserved salmon eggs. Aquatic bait may be used only in the water from which it is taken. See page 36 for more regulations on the use of bait fish.

## ATTENTION TROUT ANGLERS - IDENTIFY YOUR CATCH IN THE JARBIDGE

When fishing in the Jarbidge River drainage area it is essential to be able to differentiate between rainbow trout and the threatened bull trout. The most common trout you will find is rainbow trout.

**The possession of bull trout is prohibited!** All captured bull trout must be immediately released unharmed. Knowing how to identify your catch is important.

Bull trout have light colored spots scattered over a dark (olive-green color) background. The fins have no black spotting. Rainbow trout have a light colored background with a pink to red colored stripe across the side of the body. In addition, there is black spotting over the body, tail fin and dorsal fin.

**Bull Trout**



No black spots on dorsal fin

**Rainbow Trout**



Black spots on dorsal fin

## HEALTH ADVISORY

The Nevada Division of Public and Behavioral Health has issued health advisories that recommend limited consumption of fish species due to elevated mercury levels in their flesh.

In the Eastern Region, there is a “no consumption” advisory for largemouth bass and northern pike in Comins Lake. For more information visit [ndow.org](http://ndow.org).

All Regulations are applicable to CR 20-01 Amendment #1.

## EASTERN REGION SPECIAL REGULATIONS

AREA	SEASON AND HOURS OF OPERATION	LIMIT
<b>ELKO COUNTY</b>		
Angel Lake and inlet and outer streams	Year round; any hour of the day or night	5 trout
Bruneau River and tributary streams	Year round; any hour of the day or night	10 trout and 10 mountain whitefish
Dry Creek Reservoir	Year round; any hour of the day or night	5 trout and 15 warmwater game fish of which no more than 10 may be black bass.
Jarbridge River, West Fork and East Fork and its tributary streams	Year round; any hour of the day or night	5 trout and 10 mountain whitefish, except the possession of bull trout is prohibited.
	<b>Special Regulations:</b> All captured bull trout must be released immediately. Please report the capture of bull trout to NDOW Eastern Region Office.	
Marys River and tributary streams	Year round; any hour of the day or night	5 trout
Ruby Mountains and East Humboldt Range High Lakes (except for Angel Lake)	Year round; any hour of the day or night	10 trout
Ruby Lake National Wildlife Refuge	Year round in all areas except as posted. Refuge is open 2 hours before sunrise to 2 hours after sunset.	<b>From Jan 1 - June 14:</b> limit is 3 trout and 5 black bass. <b>From June 15 - Dec 31:</b> limit is 3 trout and 10 black bass. *Minimum size for black bass is 10 inches total length.
	<b>Special Regulations:</b> The areas of the Collection Ditch that are open to fishing may be fished with artificial lures only. Chumming is prohibited. It is unlawful to clean or fillet fish within the boundaries of the Ruby Lake National Wildlife Refuge. The possession or use of live or dead bait fish (including crayfish and amphibians) is prohibited anywhere on the refuge. *For boating regulations contact the Refuge Manager. *The Gallagher Hatchery rearing, brood and spring ponds, and Cave Creek on the west side of the County Road are closed to fishing. See page 50 for boating regulations.	
South Fork Reservoir and the South Fork of the Humboldt River from the Lucky Nugget Subdivision causeway downstream to its confluence with the Humboldt River	Year round; any hour of the day or night. Exception: March 1 - June 30, catch and release fishing only for black bass.	5 trout, 1 black bass, 1 white bass hybrid (wiper) and 5 channel catfish. *Minimum size for black bass and white bass hybrids is 15 inches total length.

For Reese River regulations please see the Southern Region regulations for Nye County on page 43.

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## EASTERN REGION SPECIAL REGULATIONS (CONTINUED)

AREA	SEASON AND HOURS OF OPERATION	LIMIT
<b>ELKO COUNTY (CONTINUED)</b>		
South Fork of the Humboldt River from the Lucky Nugget Subdivision causeway upstream to Lee	Year round; any hour of the day or night	1 trout
	<b>Special Regulations:</b> Only artificial lures with single barbless hooks may be used.	
Wildhorse Reservoir and all inlet and outlet streams including Penrod Creek up to the bridge below the Gold Creek Ranger Station	Year round; any hour of the day or night. Exception: March 1 - June 30, catch and release fishing only for black bass.	5 trout, 1 black bass, 1 white bass hybrid (wiper) and 5 channel catfish. Minimum size for black bass and white bass hybrids is 15 inches total length. No limit on yellow perch. (unlimited possession)
Willow Creek Reservoir	Year round; any hour of the day or night	5 trout and 15 warmwater game fish of which no more than 10 may be black bass and 5 may be channel catfish. Minimum size for black bass is 10 inches total length.
Wilson Sink Reservoir and its outlet and inlet stream up to State Route 11	Year round; any hour of the day or night	5 trout and 10 mountain whitefish and 10 black bass. Minimum size for black bass is 10 inches total length.

**ELKO COUNTY CLOSED WATERS:** In Ruby Valley, fishing is prohibited in Gallagher Hatchery rearing, brood and spring ponds; in Cave Creek west of the county road; and on Franklin Lake Wildlife Management Area.

**EUREKA COUNTY**

Tonkin Springs Reservoir	Year round; any hour of the day or night	5 trout
	<b>Special Regulations:</b> Artificial lures only. Stream above reservoir is closed to fishing.	

**EUREKA COUNTY CLOSED WATERS:** Tonkin Springs Creek (Denay Creek) from origin to its confluence with Tonkin Springs Reservoir.

**LANDER COUNTY**

Groves Lake, Kingston Creek and Big Creek	Year round; any hour of the day or night	5 trout
	<b>Special Regulations:</b> Only boats without motors and boats with electric motors are permitted.	
Smith Creek Reservoir	April 1 - Nov. 15, any hour of the day or night.	1 trout
	<b>Special Regulations:</b> Only artificial lures with single barbless hooks may be used. Please respect "No Trespassing" signs as posted (from the inlet of Smith Creek along the north shore, including the dam) by the private land owner.	
Willow Creek Pond and Reservoir including inlet and outlet streams	Year round; 1 hour before sunrise to 2 hours after sunset.	5 trout and 5 black bass. Minimum size for black bass is 10 inches total length. No limit on yellow perch (unlimited possession).

**WHITE PINE COUNTY**

Cave Lake, Steptoe Creek and Cave Creek	Year round; any hour of the day or night.	5 trout
	<b>Special Regulations:</b> On Cave Lake, boats must be operated at a speed which leaves a flat wake and in no case exceeds 5 nautical miles per hour.	
Cold Creek Reservoir	Year round; any hour of the day or night.	5 trout and 5 black bass; Minimum size for black bass is 10 inches total length.
Comins Lake	Year round; any hour of the day or night.	5 trout and 5 black bass. No limit on northern pike (unlimited possession).
	<b>Health Advisory:</b> The Nevada Division of Public and Behavioral Health has issued a health advisory recommending no consumption of largemouth bass or northern pike from Comins Lake due to elevated mercury levels in their flesh.	
Illipah Reservoir and Creek	Year round; any hour of the day or night.	5 trout
	<b>Special Regulations:</b> Flat wake restrictions for boats.	
Ruby Lake National Wildlife Refuge in Elko and White Pine Counties	Year round in all areas except as posted. Refuge is open 2 hours before sunrise to 2 hours after sunset.	From Jan. 1 through June 14: 3 trout and 5 black bass. From June 15 through Dec. 31: 3 trout and 10 black bass. Minimum size for black bass is 10 inches total length.
	<b>Special Regulations:</b> Those areas of the Collection Ditch that are open to fishing may be fished with artificial lures only. Chumming is prohibited. It is unlawful to clean or fillet fish within the boundaries of the Ruby Lake National Wildlife Refuge. The possession or use of live or dead bait fish (including crayfish and amphibians) is prohibited anywhere on the refuge. For boating regulations contact the Refuge Manager. The Gallagher Hatchery rearing, brood and spring ponds, and Cave Creek on the west side of the County Road are closed to fishing. See page 50 for boating regulations.	
Snake Mountain High Lakes	Year round; any hour of the day or night.	10 trout
Tailings Creek, Cleve Creek, Silver Creek and White River	Year round; any hour of the day or night.	5 trout

**WHITEPINE COUNTY CLOSED WATERS:** Cold Creek Springs (Spring Pond) and creek above Cold Creek Reservoir in the Diamond Range of White Pine County.



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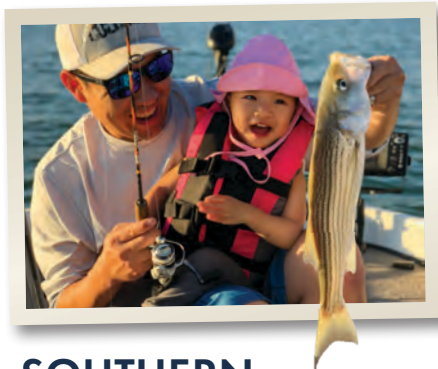
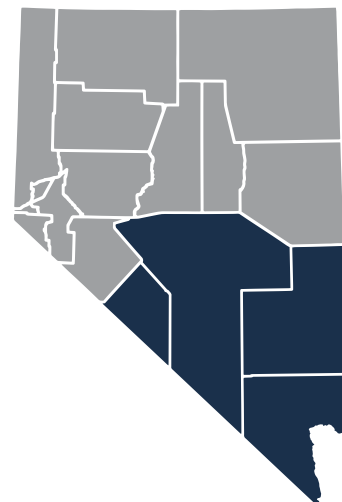


# SOUTHERN REGION REGULATIONS

The **Southern Region** includes the four counties of southern Nevada: Clark, Esmeralda, Lincoln and Nye. Popular fishing waters within this region include Lake Mead, Lake Mohave, the Colorado River, Eagle Valley Reservoir, Echo Canyon Reservoir and the reservoirs on Kirch Wildlife Management Area. A number of small streams in northern Nye County provide wild trout fishing and a few are stocked with hatchery-reared rainbow trout. The Southern Region NDOW Office is located at 3373 Pepper Ln., Las Vegas, NV 89120, (702) 486-5127.

**Important Note:** Within the Southern Region the following general fishing seasons, hours, limits and regulations apply to all waters EXCEPT those listed under “**Southern Region Special Regulations.**” If the water in which you intend to fish is not listed under the Region’s Special Regulations, then the General Regulations shall apply.

**All game fish must be dead before being transported away from the body of water where caught.**



## SOUTHERN REGION GENERAL REGULATIONS

Open year around, any hour of the day or night, except where noted under special regulations.

An AIS Decal Is not required for Arizona registered watercraft on Lake Mead/Mohave and the Colorado River. All Nevada registered motorized and non-motorized vessels must display a current Nevada AIS Decal.

## SOUTHERN REGION LIMITS

Except as noted under “Southern Region Special Regulations” the limits are as follows: Clark, Esmeralda, Lincoln and Nye counties: the limit is 10 trout and 15 warmwater game fish of which not more than 10 may be black bass.

## BAIT REGULATIONS

See page 36 for more regulations on the use of baitfish.

## TACKLE RESTRICTIONS

In Lake Mead, Lake Mohave and the Colorado River, the use of more than two hooks for bait or flies is prohibited. See below and on page 33 in General Regulations for further information. (Refer to NAC 503.590)

## ARTIFICIAL LURE WATERS

See page 33.

## SPEARFISHING

Persons may spearfish for striped bass in Lake Mead and in Lake Mohave from Cottonwood Cove to the cable below Hoover Dam. Spearfishing for striped bass is prohibited in that portion of Lake Mohave from Cottonwood Cove to Davis Dam and from Davis Dam down river to the Nevada state line. In Lakes Mead and Mohave and the Colorado River system, spearfishing is prohibited within 1/2 mile of any dock or swimming area. See page 36 in General Regulations for further information

**When spearfishing, a person must display, within 100 feet, an appropriate diver’s flag.** A mechanical spearing device may be used only under the surface of the water, and the spear must be attached to the device by a lanyard. **Fishing license regulations apply when spearfishing.** (Refer to NAC 503.590-592)

Please contact the county you will be fishing in prior to assure you are in compliance with county regulations.

All Regulations are applicable to CR 20-01 Amendment #1.

## SOUTHERN REGION SPECIAL REGULATIONS

AREA	SEASON AND HOURS OF OPERATION	LIMIT
<b>CLARK COUNTY</b>		
<b>Carpenter Canyon Creek</b>	Year round; any hour of the day or night	2 trout
<b>Clark County Urban Ponds:</b> (Boulder City Pond/Veteran’s Memorial Park, Lorenzi Park Pond, Mesquite Urban Pond-Hafen Lane Pond, Sunset Park Pond and Floyd Lamb Park Pond)	Year round; hours are when the park is open to public use.	3 game fish
<b>Cold Creek Pond and Cold Creek</b>	Year round; any hour of the day or night	3 game fish

## SOUTHERN REGION SPECIAL REGULATIONS (CONTINUED)

AREA	SEASON AND HOURS OF OPERATION	LIMIT
<b>CLARK COUNTY (CONTINUED)</b>		
Colorado River below Davis Dam	Year round; any hour of the day or night except in areas as posted.	5 trout, 6 black bass, 10 striped bass and 25 catfish. Minimum size for black bass is 13 inches total length. No limit on other game fish.
	<b>Special Regulations:</b> For bait restrictions see page 36.	
Lake Mead	Year round; any hour of the day or night, except in areas as posted.	5 trout, 6 black bass, 25 catfish and 15 crappie. No limit on striped bass less than 20 inches total length. The limit on striped bass 20 inches total length or longer is 20 fish. *No limit restriction on other game fish.
	<b>Special Regulations:</b> For bait restrictions see page 36.	
Lake Mohave	Year round; any hour of the day or night, except in areas as posted.	5 trout, 6 black bass, 25 catfish and 15 crappie. No limit on striped bass less than 20 inches total length. The limit on striped bass 20 inches total length or longer is 20 fish. No limit restriction on other game fish.
	<b>Special Regulations:</b> For bait restrictions see page 36.	
Virgin River and Muddy (Moapa) River systems	Year round; any hour of the day or night	5 trout, 6 black bass, 25 catfish, 15 crappie and 20 striped bass. No limit restriction on other game fish.

**CLARK COUNTY CLOSED WATERS:** Lakes Mead and Mohave and the Colorado River areas as posted immediately above and below Hoover and Davis Dams; and except as otherwise posted by the National Park Service, those waters within the flat wake buoys at the following marinas and harbors: Overton Beach, Echo Bay Resort, Callville Bay Marina, Cottonwood Cove, Hemenway Harbor and the Las Vegas boat harbor/ Lake Mead Marina Harbor complex in Clark County. Spring Mountain Ranch State Park Pond. Veteran's Memorial Park, Boulder City, all waters except the Boulder City Pond as posted in Clark County. Las Vegas Wash, all waters within the Clark County Wetlands Park.

## LINCOLN COUNTY

Eagle Valley Reservoir and Meadow Valley Wash above the reservoir	Year round, any hour of the day or night.	5 trout and 15 warmwater game fish of which not more than 10 may be black bass. Zero black bass (catch and release only) from April 1 through June 30.
Echo Canyon Reservoir	Year round, any hour of the day or night.	5 trout and 15 warmwater game fish of which not more than 10 may be black bass.
Nesbitt Lake (Key Pittman Wildlife Management Area)	Year round, any hour of the day or night except the portion above the old fence line as posted closed to entry from Feb. 15 - August 15 and closed to fishing during waterfowl season.	50 bullhead and 15 other warmwater game fish of which not more than 10 may be black bass.
	<b>Special Regulations:</b> See boat restrictions on page 50.	
Pahranagat National Wildlife Refuge	Year round, any hour of the day or night except North Marsh which is closed to fishing during the waterfowl hunting season.	3 trout and 15 warmwater game fish of which not more than 5 may be black bass.

**LINCOLN COUNTY CLOSED WATERS:** Ash Springs outflow through the River Ranch to beginning of the concrete ditch, in Lincoln County. Crystal Springs and outflow for one half mile to beginning of the concrete ditch, in Lincoln County.

## NYE COUNTY

Beatty Urban Pond	Year round; any hour of the day or night.	3 game fish
Kirch Wildlife Management Area	Year round; any hour of the day or night, except the upper portions of Adams-McGill, Cold Springs and Haymeadow Reservoirs, which are closed to trespass Feb. 15 - August 15 as posted. A 100-yard area as posted around the inflow from Hot Creek to Adams-McGill Reservoirs is closed to fishing Jan. 1 - April 1.	5 trout, 50 bullhead, and 15 other warmwater game fish of which not more than 10 may be black bass. You may only possess 5 black bass from April 1 - June 30.
	<b>Special Regulations:</b> See boat restrictions on page 50.	
Kirch Wildlife Management Area Tule Reservoir	Open Aug. 16 - Feb. 14 any hour of the day or night.	5 trout, 50 bullhead, and 15 other warmwater game fish of which not more than 10 may be black bass.
Kirch Wildlife Management Area Dacey Reservoir	Year round except the upper portions of Dacey Reservoir closed to trespass Feb. 15 - Aug. 15 as posted. A 100-yard area as posted around the inflow from Hot Creek to Dacey Reservoir is closed to fishing Jan. 1 - April 1.	1 trout, 50 bullhead, and 15 other warmwater game fish of which not more than 10 may be black bass. Zero black bass (catch and release only) from April 1 through June 30.
	<b>Special Regulation:</b> Artificial lures only, see page 33.	
Upper Reese River and tributaries from the Arc Dome wilderness boundary south of the Yomba Shoshone Tribe Reservation to its headwaters	Year round; any hour of the day or night.	No limit on trout
Stewart Creek from its confluence with the Reese River to its headwaters	Year round; any hour of the day or night.	No limit on trout

**NYE COUNTY CLOSED WATERS:** Kirch Wildlife Management Area - Hot Creek to its confluence with Adams-McGill Reservoir; Sunnyside Creek above Sunnyside / Adavin County Road crossing in Sec 36, T7N, R61E in Nye County.

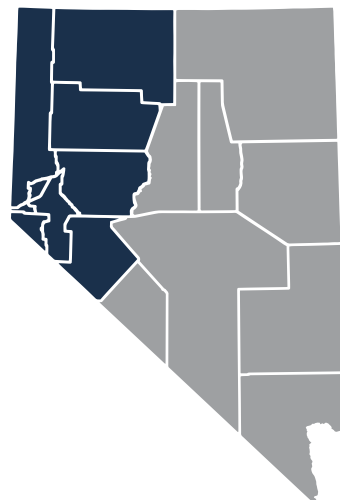


# WESTERN REGION REGULATIONS

The **Western Region** includes the nine counties of northwestern Nevada: Carson City, Churchill, Douglas, Humboldt, Lyon, Mineral, Pershing, Storey and Washoe. Several popular fishing waters are located within this region including Lake Tahoe, Topaz Lake, Knott Creek Reservoir, Pyramid Lake, and the Truckee, Carson and Walker River systems. Pyramid Lake is managed by Pyramid Lake Paiute Tribe. Please contact the Pyramid Lake Paiute Tribe for regulations and license requirements pertaining to Pyramid Lake. Waters that are popular for warmwater species are Lahontan, Chimney and Rye Patch reservoirs, Humboldt River, Washoe Lake, Mason Valley Wildlife Management Area and several canals and drains in the Lahontan Valley. The Western Region office is located at 1100 Valley Road, Reno, NV 89512, (775) 688-1506.

**Important Note:** Within the Western Region the general fishing seasons, hours, limits, and regulations apply to all waters EXCEPT those listed under “**Western Region Special Regulations.**” If the water in which you intend to fish is not listed under the Region’s Special Regulations, then the General Regulations shall apply.

**All game fish must be dead before being transported away from the body of water where caught.**



## INTERSTATE WATERS FISHING AND LICENSE INFORMATION

For information on fishing on interstate waters and license requirements: Lake Tahoe and Topaz Lake, see pages 44 and 45. Lake Mead, Lake Mohave and the Colorado River, see page 47.

## WESTERN REGION GENERAL REGULATIONS

Open year around, any hour of the day or night.

An AIS Decal is not required for California registered watercraft on Topaz Lake or Lake Tahoe. All Nevada registered motorized and non-motorized vessels must display a current Nevada AIS Decal.

## WESTERN REGION LIMITS

Except as noted under “Special Regulations” the limits are as follows:

**Carson City, Douglas County, Mineral County, Storey County and Washoe County:** The limit is 5 trout, 10 mountain whitefish and 15 warmwater game fish of which not more than 5 may be black bass.

**Churchill County and Lyon County:** The limit is 5 trout, 10 mountain whitefish and 15 warmwater game fish of which not more than 5 may be black bass and 5 may be walleye.

**Humboldt and Pershing County:** The limit is 5 trout and 15 warmwater game fish of which not more than 5 may be black bass and 5 may be walleye.

## ARTIFICIAL LURE WATERS

See page 33.

## TACKLE RESTRICTIONS

See page 33 for more regulations on tackle restrictions.

## BAIT REGULATIONS

See page 36 for more regulations on the use of baitfish.

All Regulations are applicable to CR 20-01 Amendment #1.

## WESTERN REGION SPECIAL REGULATIONS

AREA	SEASON AND HOURS OF OPERATION	LIMIT
<b>CARSON CITY</b>		
Baily Fishing Pond	Season is open year round during the hours the park is open to the public.	3 game fish.
Lake Tahoe	<b>Special Regulations:</b> Persons under 16 years of age are not required to have a fishing license. Persons 16 years of age or older must have either a Nevada fishing license or a Nevada Interstate Boundary Waters license; a Nevada short-term fishing permit or a California fishing license.	

## WESTERN REGION SPECIAL REGULATIONS (CONTINUED)

AREA	SEASON AND HOURS OF OPERATION	LIMIT
<b>CARSON CITY (CONTINUED)</b>		
Lake Tahoe and Tributaries	Season is open year around, 1 hour before sunrise to 2 hours after sunset, except for the following closed areas: within a 200 yard radius of the mouths of Third, Incline and Wood Creeks; 500 yard radius from Sand Harbor Boat Ramp; and within the boat launch area inside the jetty at Cave Rock Boat Ramp.	5 game fish.

<b>CHURCHILL COUNTY</b>		
Lahontan Reservoir	Season is open year around, any hour of the day or night except for the Lahontan Dam spilling pool (bowl) which is closed to fishing.	15 game fish of which not more than 5 may be black bass, 5 may be walleye, and 2 may be white bass or white bass hybrids (wiper) 15 inches total length or longer. White bass or white bass hybrids (wiper) under 15 inches may be included in the 15 game fish limit.
Carson River below Lahontan Reservoir and all waters in Lahontan Valley	Season is open year around, any hour of the day or night. <b>Health Advisory:</b> The Nevada Division of Public and Behavioral Health has issued a health advisory recommending no consumption of any fish from the Carson River from Dayton to Lahontan Dam and all waters in Lahontan Valley due to elevated mercury levels in their flesh.	25 game fish of which not more than 5 may be black bass and 5 may be walleye.
Liberty Pond	Season is open year around, during the hours the park is open to the public.	3 game fish.

**CHURCHILL COUNTY CLOSED WATERS:** Lahontan Dam spilling pool (bowl) on the Carson River below Lahontan Dam. All waters within the boundaries of the Stillwater NWR.

<b>DOUGLAS COUNTY</b>		
Lake Tahoe and Tributaries	See Carson City.	
Mitch Park Pond, Lampe Parke Pond, Martin Slough Pond, <a href="#">Seeman Pond</a>	Season is open year around, hours when park is open to the public.	3 game fish.
Spooner Lake	Season is open year around, 1 hour before sunrise to 2 hours after sunset.	5 trout.
Topaz Lake	<b>Season is open year around one hour before sunrise to two hours after sunset</b> , except for the area within the jetties of Topaz Marina which is closed to fishing. <b>Special Regulations:</b> There is no chumming at Topaz Lake (see page 33). Persons under 16 years of age are not required to have a fishing license. Persons 16 years of age or older must have either a Nevada fishing license or a Nevada Interstate Boundary Waters license; a Nevada short-term fishing permit or a California fishing license.	5 trout, 5 mountain whitefish, and 25 warmwater game fish of which not more than 5 may be black bass.

**DOUGLAS COUNTY CLOSED WATERS:** Lake Tahoe within the boat launch area, inside the jetty at the Cave Rock boat ramp, north end. Glenbrook Creek from Lake Tahoe to Hwy 50. Topaz Lake within the jetties of Topaz Marina.

<b>HUMBOLDT COUNTY</b>		
Big Springs Reservoir	Season is open the second Saturday in May through the last day of February, any hour of the day or night.	5 trout.
	<b>Note:</b> The reservoir has been dry for several years, check on conditions before heading out.	
Bilk Creek Reservoir	Season is open year around any hour of the day or night.	5 game fish.
Blue Lakes	Season is open the second Saturday in June through November 15, any hour of the day or night.	5 trout.
	<b>Special Regulations:</b> Only boats without motors are permitted and the area is closed to vehicular traffic.	
Chimney Reservoir	Season is open year around any hour of the day or night.	15 gamefish of which not more than 5 may be black bass, 5 may be walleye, 2 may be white bass hybrid (wiper) and zero (0) may be tiger muskie (catch and release only). The minimum length for white bass hybrid is 15 inches total length.
	<b>Health Advisory:</b> The Nevada Division of Public and Behavioral Health has issued a health advisory recommending no consumption of walleye from Chimney Reservoir due to elevated mercury levels in their flesh.	
James Kinney Pond	Season is open year around, during the hours the park is open to the public.	Limit is 3 game fish.
Knott Creek Reservoir including inlet and outlet streams	Season is open the second Saturday in June through November 15, any hour of the day or night.	1 trout, minimum size 18 inches total length.
	<b>Special Regulations:</b> Only artificial lures with single barbless hooks may be used. Boats must be operated at a speed that leaves a flat wake.	
Onion Valley Reservoir	Season is open the second Saturday in June through November 15, any hour of the day or night.	5 trout.

**HUMBOLDT COUNTY CLOSED WATERS:** All tributaries to Summit Lake. All waters of the Sheldon National Wildlife Refuge (within Humboldt County) except Big Springs Reservoir and Dufurrena Ponds. Crowley Creek in the Montana Mountains. Eightmile Creek in the Santa Rosa Range. Donnelly Creek in the Calico Range.



## WESTERN REGION SPECIAL REGULATIONS (CONTINUED)

AREA	SEASON AND HOURS OF OPERATION	LIMIT
<b>LYON COUNTY</b>		
East Walker River	Season is open year around, any hour of the day or night.	5 trout, 10 mountain whitefish and 15 warmwater game fish of which not more than 5 may be black bass.
	<b>Special Regulations:</b> Except in that portion of the East Walker River which is from ¼ mile above the confluence of the East Walker River and Sweetwater Creek downstream to ½ mile below the confluence of the East Walker River and Red Wash Creek, which is catch and release fishing only. Only artificial lures with single barbless hooks may be used.	
Lahontan Reservoir	See Churchill County.	
Mason Valley Wildlife Management Area Fort Churchill Cooling Pond Cooperative Management Area	Season is open the second Saturday in February through September 30, 1 hour before sunrise to 2 hours after sunset.	5 trout and 15 warmwater game fish of which not more than 2 may be black bass. Minimum size for black bass is 14 inches total length.
	<b>Special Regulations:</b> Fishing is prohibited from the center dike and posted areas. Wading or the use of boats and other floating devices is prohibited.	
Mason Valley Wildlife Management Area	Season is open the second Saturday in February through September 30, any hour of the day or night on the following waters: Bass, Crappie, North Pond, Beaver Slough and that portion of the Walker River within the Mason Valley Wildlife Management Area.	5 trout and 15 warmwater game fish of which not more than 2 may be black bass. Minimum size for black bass is 14 inches total length.
Mason Valley Wildlife Management Area Hinkson Slough	Same season as above.	2 trout and 15 warmwater gamefish of which not more than 2 may be black bass. Minimum size for trout is 16 inches total length. Minimum size for black bass is 14 inches total length.
	<b>Special Regulations:</b> Artificial lures only (see page 33).	
Mason Valley Wildlife Management Area Eastside Waterfowl Series Ponds	Season is open Aug. 16 through Sept. 30, any hour of the day or night.	5 trout and 15 warmwater game fish of which not more than 2 may be black bass. Minimum size for black bass is 14 inches total length.
Mason Valley Wildlife Management Area Kuenzli Pond, Hatchery Outpond 1, Hatchery Outpond 2 and Hatchery Outpond 3	Season is open on the first Saturday in May, from 8 a.m. to sunset.	3 game fish of which not more than 1 may be black bass.
	<b>Note:</b> These ponds are open for one day only.	
Mountain View Park Pond	Season is open year around when park is open to public.	3 game fish.

**LYON COUNTY CLOSED WATERS:** All waters within the Mason Valley Wildlife Management Area except for those listed above.

**MINERAL COUNTY**

Rose Creek Reservoir	Season open year around, any hour of the day or night.	3 game fish.
	<b>Note:</b> Anglers must obtain permission from the Hawthorne Army Depot at (775) 945-7101 or (775) 945-7601. Anglers can also email maryjean.a.belzer.ctr@mail.mil for the forms and information.	

**MINERAL COUNTY CLOSED WATERS:** Rose Creek Confluence from the diversion pipe downstream to Walker Lake and Walker Lake within a 100-yard radius of the inflow.

**PERSHING COUNTY**

Rye Patch Reservoir and Humboldt River	Season open year around, any hour of the day or night.	25 game fish of which not more than 5 may be trout, 5 may be walleye, 5 may be black bass and 2 may be white bass or white bass hybrids over 15 inches total length or longer. White bass or white bass hybrids under 15 inches total length may be included in the 25 game fish limit.
	<b>Health Advisory:</b> The Nevada Division of Public and Behavioral Health has issued a health advisory recommending no consumption of wipers and walleye and no more than one eight-ounce meal per week of any other fish from Rye Patch Reservoir due to elevated mercury levels in their flesh.	

**STOREY COUNTY**

Truckee River	Season open year around, any hour of the day or night, except in that portion from Derby Dam downstream 1,000 feet, which is closed to fishing.	3 game fish except in that section from E Mustang Road bridge (I-80 Exit 23) downstream to Derby Dam and from 1,000 feet downstream from Derby Dam to the Pyramid Lake Paiute Reservation boundary where the limit is three gamefish of which one (1) may be trout.
	<b>Special Regulations:</b> In that portion from E Mustang Road bridge (I-80 Exit 23) to Derby Dam and from 1,000 feet downstream of Derby Dam to the Pyramid Lake Paiute Reservation boundary, only artificial lures with single barbless hooks may be used.	

**STOREY COUNTY CLOSED WATERS:** Five Mile Reservoir, and the Truckee River from Derby Dam downstream 1,000 feet.

## WESTERN REGION SPECIAL REGULATIONS (CONTINUED)

AREA	SEASON AND HOURS OF OPERATION	LIMIT
<b>WASHOE COUNTY</b>		
Catnip Reservoir, tributaries and outlet stream	Season open the second Saturday in June through November 15, any hour of the day or night.	1 trout
	<b>Special Regulations:</b> Only artificial lures with single barbless hooks may be used.	
Hobart Reservoir and tributaries and Franktown Creek downstream from Hobart Reservoir to Red House	Season open May 1 through September 30, 1 hour before sunrise to 2 hours after sunset.	5 trout, only one of which is longer than 14 inches.
	<b>Special Regulations:</b> Only artificial lures with single barbless hooks may be used.	
Lake Tahoe and Tributaries	See Carson City.	
Marlette Lake, tributaries and outlet stream	Season is July 15 through Sept. 30, 1 hour before sunrise to 2 hours after sunset.	Zero (0) fish, catch and release fishing only.
	<b>Special Regulations:</b> Only artificial lures with single barbless hooks may be used.	
Truckee River	Season open year around, any hour of the day or night, except in that portion from Derby Dam downstream 1,000 feet, which is closed to fishing.	3 game fish except in that section from E Mustang Road bridge (I-80 Exit 23) downstream to Derby Dam and from 1,000 feet downstream from Derby Dam to the Pyramid Lake Paiute Reservation boundary where the limit is three gamefish of which one (1) may be trout.
	<b>Special Regulations:</b> In that portion from E Mustang Road bridge (I-80 Exit 23) to Derby Dam and from 1,000 feet downstream of Derby Dam to the Pyramid Lake Paiute Reservation boundary, only artificial lures with single barbless hooks may be used.	
Washoe County Urban Ponds: Sparks Marina, Davis Creek Park Pond, Marilyn's Pond, Paradise Pond, Virginia Lake, Idlewild Ponds, Rancho San Rafael Pond, Wilson Common and Verdi Pond	Season is open year around, during public park hours.	3 game fish.
Washoe Lake	Season open year around, any hour of the day or night.	10 game fish of which not more than 5 may be catfish.
	<b>Special Regulations:</b> Scripps Wildlife Management Area is closed to trespass February 15 through August 15.	
	<b>Health Advisory:</b> The Nevada Division of Public and Behavioral Health has issued a health advisory recommending no consumption of white bass from Little and Big Washoe Lakes due to elevated mercury levels in their flesh.	

**WASHOE COUNTY CLOSED WATERS:** Third Creek and its tributaries from Lake Tahoe to the Mt. Rose Highway No. 431. Incline Creek and its tributaries from Lake Tahoe to Ski Way and the Mt. Rose Highway No. 431. Wood Creek from Lake Tahoe to the Mt. Rose Highway No. 431. Lake Tahoe within a 200-yard radius of the mouths of Third, Incline and Wood Creeks. A 500-yard radius from Sand Harbor boat ramp. Truckee River from Derby Dam downstream 1,000 feet.

## HEALTH ADVISORY

The Nevada Division of Public and Behavioral Health has issued health advisories that recommend limited consumption of fish species due to elevated mercury levels in their flesh.

In the Western Region the health advisories recommend no consumption of any fish from the **Carson River from Dayton to Lahontan Dam and all waters in Lahontan Valley**. No consumption of white bass from **Little and Big Washoe Lakes**; no consumption of wipers and walleye and no more than one eight-ounce meal per week of any other fish from **Rye Patch Reservoir** and no consumption of walleye from **Chimney Dam Reservoir**. For more information, go to [www.ndow.org](http://www.ndow.org).

ATTENTION ANGLERS -  
MASON VALLEY WILDLIFE  
MANAGEMENT AREA

The Nevada Department of Wildlife (NDOW) has stocked STERILE GRASS CARP in the **Mason Valley Wildlife Management Area**. Grass carp are beneficial in controlling the aquatic vegetation, thereby enhancing habitat for sportfish populations. Their behavior is very different from common carp, which can be destructive to sport fisheries.

**NDOW asks anglers that catch grass carp to please return them to the water unharmed.** Images to the right help identify the differences between the two.



Grass Carp



Common Carp



# WILDLIFE MANAGEMENT AREA REGULATIONS

AREA	BODIES OF WATER	SEASON RESTRICTIONS	USE OF VESSELS	CAMPING & USE OF CAMPFIRE
<b>Bruneau River WMA</b> (Elko Co.)	Bruneau River	None	No Restrictions	Camping & campfires are permitted. Camping is not permitted in any building or other structure located within the WMA.
<b>Key Pittman WMA</b> (Lincoln Co.)	Nesbitt Lake	Access restricted from Feb. 15 through Aug. 15 in the portion of Nesbitt Lake north of the buoy line.	Flat wake restriction in effect.	Camping & campfires not permitted.
<b>Kirch WMA</b> (Nye Co.)	Dacey Reservoir, Tule Reservoir, Cold Springs Reservoir, Haymeadow Reservoir, and Adams-McGill Reservoir	Access restricted from Feb. 15 through Aug. 15 in the upper portion of Adams-McGill, Cold Springs, Dacey and Haymeadow reservoirs, and all of the Tule Reservoir.	Flat wake restriction in effect. Vessels may not exceed 5 nautical miles per hour. Only vessels without motors may be used on the Dacey Reservoir from Feb. 15 through August 15. Flat wake restriction in effect all other dates.	Camping & campfires only permitted within the David Deacon Campground.
<b>Mason Valley WMA</b> (Lyon Co.)	Hinkson Slough, North Pond, Bass Pond, Beaver Slough, Crappie Pond, Walker River	Season is open the second Saturday in February through September 30.	Flat wake restriction in effect.	Camping & campfires only permitted in those sites designated for camping.
<b>Mason Valley WMA</b> (Lyon Co.)	Eastside Waterfowl Series Ponds	Access restricted from Feb. 15 through Aug. 15. Fishing season is open Aug. 16 through Sept. 30.	All vessels are prohibited from Feb. 15 through Aug. 15 each year. Flat wake restriction in effect.	Camping & campfires only permitted in those sites designated for camping.
<b>Overton WMA</b> (Clark Co.)	Lake Mead, Honeybee Pond, Center Pond	Access restricted from March 1 through Aug. 1 on Honeybee Pond and Center Pond.	Vessels are prohibited on all ponds. Vessels are allowed on the portion of the area inundated by Lake Mead, except that on Overton Hunt Days, vessels may be used only by persons authorized to hunt waterfowl.	Camping & campfires only permitted within the rest and trails areas.
<b>Steptoe Valley WMA</b> (White Pine Co.)	Comins Lake	None	Waterskiing authorized between 11 a.m. and sunset. During other hours flat wake restriction in effect.	Camping & campfires not permitted.

## WILDLIFE MANAGEMENT AREA

Wildlife Management Areas (WMA) are managed specifically for their wildlife values. Fishing is provided on some of the areas and anglers are subject to the following regulations.

### VEHICULAR TRAVEL (NAC 504.115)

Vehicular travel within a WMA may be controlled so as to not impact area management and for safe and beneficial use of the area by both the public and the wildlife. Within a Wildlife Management Area, it is prohibited to operate a motor vehicle off an interior road or trail that is designated for vehicular travel; or on an interior road or trail that is marked as closed to vehicular travel.

### REMOVAL (NAC 504.110)

Persons may be removed from a WMA for disorderly conduct, intoxication or any other conduct which endangers the area, other persons, or wildlife and livestock.

### LITTERING (NAC 504.155)

The Department may deny further use of a WMA to any person who abuses or litters the area.

## LAUGHLIN AREA

The following activities are **prohibited** within the Laughlin boating and Fishermen's Access Area in Clark County:

- Camping in any type of motor vehicle or recreational vehicle;
- Erecting a tent or structure for the purpose of sleeping or living in it;
- Parking any type of motor vehicle or recreational vehicle or otherwise blocking or restricting the access of a person or vessel, to the boat ramp;
- Parking a bus hired to carry passengers or a semi-trailer anywhere within the access area;
- Parking a motor vehicle in the access area in a location other than a designated parking space; or
- Being under the influence of a controlled substance or an intoxicating liquor, or consuming an intoxicating liquor.



# BOATING SAFETY CRITICAL EQUIPMENT

## DON'T LEAVE HOME WITHOUT IT!

### LIFE JACKETS

One correctly sized life jacket is required by law for each person on board. Children under the age of 13-years-old must wear it.

### TYPE IV FLOTATION AID

Any boat 16 feet or longer must carry a type IV throwable cushion or ring.



### FIRE EXTINGUISHER

Most boats that use gasoline must carry one, and it must be charged. Larger boats need two or even three fire extinguishers.

### ENGINE CUT-OFF SWITCH

An Engine cut-off switch or kill switch, are a time-proven safety device used to stop the boat's engines should the driver unexpectedly fall overboard.

### MUFFLING DEVICE

Every boat must be properly muffled.

### WATER SKI AND DIVE FLAGS

If you ski or dive you need to display the appropriate signal flag.

### SOUND PRODUCING DEVICE

All boats must carry a horn, whistle or other sound producing device.

### ANCHOR

If the boat breaks down, an anchor is essential for protecting yourself and your boat, although not legally required.

### VISUAL DISTRESS SIGNALS

Though not required, signal flares and flags can attract attention if the need arises.

## FOLLOW THE BOATING SAFETY SEVEN

If you remember nothing else about boating rules, remember the **Boating Safety Seven**. Boating can be a fun activity for the entire family, but you should go boating with safety in mind to make sure your great day on the water doesn't turn sour. NDOW reminds you to have a good time, and be safe...it just makes sense.

1. Wear your life jacket
2. Take a boating education course (Visit [ndow.org](http://ndow.org) to learn more)
3. Carry all your required safety gear
4. Know your boat and its limitations
5. Follow the boating "rules of the road"
6. Be aware of weather and water conditions
7. Boat sober and be considerate of other boaters

### SAFETY

# 7

## REPORT WILDLIFE CRIME WITH NEW NDOW TIP APP

"NDOW Tip" allows the public to report information on wildlife crime or suspicious activity via a new free smartphone app.

- Send a report through the app or connect directly to the Operation Game Thief (OGT) hotline.
- Download the app on your iPhone or Android through app stores.
- Send in pictures or video to the department.





# NEVADA BOATING REGULATIONS

The following information provides a summary of some of the boating laws and regulations for Nevada anglers who use boats. Safe boating in Nevada starts with knowing Nevada's boating regulations. All boats in Nevada are required to carry safety equipment appropriate to the type and size of vessel used, and every boater should know and practice safe boating, including learning the rules of the road. To learn more about boating in Nevada, contact NDOW and request a *Nevada Boater's Handbook* or visit Nevada's safe boating website: [www.ndow.org](http://www.ndow.org).

## REDUCED SPEED AREAS

1. On the following waters, a vessel must be operated at a speed that leaves a flat wake, but in no case may a vessel be operated at a speed in excess of 5 nautical miles per hour:
  - (a) Bassett Lake in White Pine County
  - (b) Cave Lake in White Pine County
  - (c) Jakes Creek Reservoir in Elko County
  - (d) Onion Valley Reservoir in Humboldt County
  - (e) Wayne E. Kirch Wildlife Management Area in Nye County
  - (f) The lagoon south of Laughlin in Clark County within Section 33, T 32 S. R. 66E. M.D.B.&M., as marked with signs or buoys, or both
  - (g) Likes Lake in Churchill County
  - (h) The Pitt-Taylor Arm of Rye Patch Reservoir in Pershing County
  - (i) Illipah Reservoir in White Pine County
  - (j) Mason Valley Wildlife Management Area in Lyon County
  - (k) Upper Wall Canyon Reservoir in Washoe County
  - (l) Echo Canyon Reservoir in Lincoln County
  - (m) Silver Creek Reservoir in White Pine County; and
  - (n) Key Pittman Wildlife Management Area in Lincoln County
  - (o) Colorado River, the backwater south of Big Bend of the Colorado State Recreation Area within sec. 5, T. 33 S., R. 66 E., M.D.B. & M., as marked with signs or buoys, or both
  - (p) Jiggs Reservoir
2. All boat harbors and other areas designated by buoys on any of the following waters are zones in which a vessel must be operated at a speed that leaves a flat wake, but in no case may a vessel be operated at a speed in excess of 5 nautical miles per hour:
  - (a) Lake Mead National Recreation Area in Clark County
  - (b) South Fork Reservoir in Elko County
  - (c) Wildhorse Reservoir in Elko County
  - (d) Lake Tahoe, Zephyr Cove, Cave Rock, Round Hill Pines Beach and Glenbrook Bay in Douglas County; Sand Harbor, Incline Village General Improvement

District Boat Ramp and Crystal Shores West in Washoe County

- (e) Washoe Lake State Park Boat Ramps in Washoe County
- (f) Walker Lake State Recreation Area and Sportsmen's Beach in Mineral County
- (g) Lahontan Reservoir, Churchill Beach, and North Shore Marina in Churchill County; Silver Springs Beach in Lyon County
- (h) Rye Patch Reservoir, Rye Patch Dam Access in Pershing County
- (i) Topaz Lake boat ramps in Douglas County
- (j) Colorado River, adjacent to Harrah's Casino in Laughlin in Clark County; and
- (k) Big Bend of the Colorado River State Recreation Area in the lagoon used for launching boats in Clark County

(Refer to NAC 488.455)

## BOATING PROHIBITED AREAS

Vessels are prohibited in areas which are designated by signs or buoys as follows:

1. Within the Lake Mead National Recreation Area;
2. On the Colorado River:
  - (a) Below Davis Dam; and
  - (b) The swimming area of Harrah's Casino in Laughlin;
3. On Lake Tahoe at:
  - (a) The main beaches at Sand Harbor and Divers' Cove within Lake Tahoe State Park;
  - (b) The swimming area of the Incline Village General Improvement District and Burnt Cedar Beach;
  - (c) The swimming area of Galilee at the Episcopal Camp and Conference Center;
  - (d) The swimming area of the Lakeridge General Improvement District;
  - (e) The swimming area of the Glenbrook Homeowner's Association;
  - (f) The swimming area of the Hyatt Regency Lake Tahoe;
  - (g) The swimming area of the Zephyr Cove Marina;

- (h) The swimming area of Crystal Shores West; and
  - (i) The swimming and beach area adjacent to Nevada Beach described in 33CFR 162.215.
4. At the dam and swim beach at the state recreation area in Rye Patch Reservoir;
  5. At Lahontan Reservoir Dam;
  6. At South Fork Reservoir Dam;
  7. At Wildhorse Reservoir Dam;
  8. At Eagle Valley Dam at Spring Valley State Park;
  9. At Chimney Reservoir Dam in Humboldt County;
  10. At the county swim beach at Topaz Lake; and
  11. At the swimming area and dive area at Sparks Marina Park.
- (Refer to NAC 488.465)

## BOATING RESTRICTIONS IN WILDLIFE MANAGEMENT AREAS

(See page 48 for table of restrictions.)

1. Except as otherwise provided in this section, use of vessels is restricted in the following Wildlife Management Areas:
  - (a) In the Overton Wildlife Management Area, located in Clark County, vessels are prohibited on all ponds. Vessels are allowed on the portion of the area inundated by Lake Mead, except that on Overton Hunt Days, vessels may be used only by persons authorized to hunt waterfowl;
  - (b) In the Humboldt Wildlife Management Area, located in Churchill and Pershing Counties:
    - (1) All vessels are prohibited on the ponds in the Humboldt and Toulon Sink areas 5 days before the opening day of the waterfowl season.
    - (2) Airboats are prohibited on the Humboldt Sink until 1 hour after the legal shooting time on the opening day of the waterfowl season.
    - (3) Airboats are prohibited on the Toulon portion of the area during the waterfowl season.
  - (c) In the Mason Valley Wildlife Management Area, located in Lyon County, all vessels are prohibited from February 15 through August 15 of each year, except on:
    - (1) Hinkson Slough;
    - (2) Bass Pond;
    - (3) Crappie Pond;
    - (4) Beaver Slough;

- (5) The Walker River; and
  - (6) North Pond.
  - (d) In the Fort Churchill Cooling Pond Co-operative Wildlife Management Area, all vessels and floating devices, except for vessels used by employees of NV Energy in the performance of their official duties, are prohibited on the pond.
  - (e) In the Wayne E. Kirch Wildlife Management Area, only vessels without motors may be used on Dacey Reservoir from February 15 through August 15 of each year.
2. The provisions of subsection 1 do not apply to vessels owned, operated and used for official purposes by the Department.
  3. For the purposes of this section, a vessel is being used if the vessel: (a) is upon the waters of this state, including, without limitation, if it is tied or fastened to a dock, mooring or shore; and (b) is not aground on the shore.
- (Refer to NAC 488.467)

## AREAS LIMITED TO BOATS WITHOUT MOTORS AND BOATS WITH ELECTRIC MOTORS

1. Only vessels without motors are permitted on the following waters:
 

Waters	County
(a) Angel Lake.....	Elko
(b) Blue Lakes.....	Humboldt
(c) Marlette Lake .....	Washoe
  2. Only vessels without motors and vessels which are powered by electric motors are permitted on the following waters:
    - (a) Groves Lake in Lander County
    - (b) Sparks Marina Park in Washoe County
    - (c) The Lagoon South of Laughlin within section 33, T. 32 S., R66 E., M.D.B. & M., as marked with signs or buoys, or both in Clark County.
    - (d) Spooner Lake in Douglas County
- (Refer to NAC 488.470)

## FEDERAL BOATING REGULATIONS

**Informational Note:** The following areas are subject to Federal Regulations in addition to the general provisions of the Nevada Boat Act, which include rules for registration, equipment, and operation. Please contact refuge managers for descriptions of restricted zones and/or motor and speed regulations prior to your visit. Regulations are subject to change.

### Pahranagat National Wildlife Refuge

Phone: (775) 725-3417

Boats without motors (except electric motors) are permitted on the Upper Lake, Middle Ponds, and Lower Lake.

The North Marsh is closed to boating, including float tubes.

### Ruby Lake National Wildlife Refuge

Phone: (775) 779-2237

- **North of Brown Dike**

No boats permitted. Float tubes permitted in Unit 21 as posted.

- **South of Brown Dike (South Marsh)**

» **January 1 through June 14:** Boats prohibited. Float tubes permitted at Main Boat Landing, as posted; at Narciss Boat Landing, as posted; and at mouth of Collection Ditch at west end of Brown Dike, as posted.

» **June 15 through July 31:** ONLY motorless boats, float tubes and boats with electric motors are permitted. Boats with gas motors prohibited.

» **August 1 through December 31:** Motorless boats, float tubes and boats propelled by motors with 10 h.p. or less are permitted.

### Sheldon National Wildlife Refuge

Phone: (775) 941-0199

Big Springs Reservoir, Dufurrena Ponds and Catnip Reservoir: Anglers may bank fish, fish by wading, or use nonmotorized boats, boats with electric motors, float tubes and similar flotation devices only.

### Stillwater National Wildlife Refuge

Phone: (775) 423-5128

**Special boating regulations are now in effect at Stillwater NWR.** Contact refuge manager before operating a boat in this area. Fishing is not allowed.





# CLEAN, DRAIN AND DRY



## HELP PROTECT NEVADA'S WATERS

Stop the spread of aquatic hitchhikers!  
**CLEAN, DRAIN** and **DRY** your:

- ☒ Waders
- ☒ Fishing Gear
- ☒ Canoes/Kayaks
- ☒ Buckets
- ☒ Boats
- ☒ Fishing Poles

*If it gets wet, it could harbor Aquatic Invasive Species.*

### KNOWN NEVADA INVADERS



Quagga Mussels



Northern Pike



Eurasian Watermilfoil



New Zealand Mudsnail

### Inspect and decontaminate your watercraft and equipment

Here are some methods to minimize your chances of accidentally transporting invasive species. By following these steps you can help protect your valuable fishing and boating resources for the future:



**CLEAN** Remove all mud, plants and animals from every part of your boat, trailer and equipment.



**DRAIN** Remove all drain plugs and water from your boat including live-wells, ballast, hull, and engine-cooling water when you leave the waterbody.



**DRY** Allow boat, equipment, and gear to completely dry before deploying into another waterway.

**NOTE:** When transferring your watercraft from one water to another or across state borders, you may be required to have your watercraft inspected or decontaminated. For additional information, visit [www.westernais.org](http://www.westernais.org).

- **NEVER** release plants, fish or animals into a body of water unless they came out of that body of water.
- **AIS DECAL** requirement (NRS 88.536) includes in-state and out-of-state motorized watercraft as well as most non-motorized watercraft including paddle-craft, canoes and kayaks. Watercraft that are capable of retaining water are required to display the decal.





## THANKS TO EVERYONE WHO MAILED IN OR HASH-TAGGED THEIR PHOTOS!

Follow @nevadawildlife on Instagram and see your photos in future Nevada Department of Wildlife publications. It's simple; just hashtag #ndowok and get outside!



Name of Angler \_\_\_\_\_  
NV Client ID # \_\_\_\_\_ and/or Date of Birth \_\_\_\_\_  
Mailing Address \_\_\_\_\_  
City \_\_\_\_\_ State \_\_\_\_\_ Zip Code \_\_\_\_\_  
Telephone \_\_\_\_\_ Email Address \_\_\_\_\_

**COMPLETE INFORMATION BELOW FOR SPECIES CAUGHT****Bonneville Cutthroat Trout**

Water where caught \_\_\_\_\_  
County where caught \_\_\_\_\_  
Date caught \_\_\_\_\_

**Bull Trout**

Water where caught \_\_\_\_\_  
County where caught \_\_\_\_\_  
Date caught \_\_\_\_\_

**Lahontan Cutthroat Trout**

Water where caught \_\_\_\_\_  
County where caught \_\_\_\_\_  
Date caught \_\_\_\_\_

**Mountain Whitefish**

Water where caught \_\_\_\_\_  
County where caught \_\_\_\_\_  
Date caught \_\_\_\_\_

**Redband Trout**

Water where caught \_\_\_\_\_  
County where caught \_\_\_\_\_  
Date caught \_\_\_\_\_

**Yellowstone Cutthroat Trout**

Water where caught \_\_\_\_\_  
County where caught \_\_\_\_\_  
Date caught \_\_\_\_\_

**FOR A NATIVE SPORT FISH TO BE CONSIDERED FOR THE NATIVE FISH-SLAM PROGRAM THE FOLLOWING MUST APPLY:**

1. Fish must be taken legally from Nevada waters. Review current regulations regarding harvest of fish.
2. A photograph of the fish caught must be provided. (All photos submitted are then the property of NDOW and may be used in NDOW publications.)
3. There is no time limit for completing the Native Fish-Slam Program, but an entry form must be submitted within 60 days of a fish being caught (NDOW will maintain angler records).
4. No weight or length measurements are required to enter this program.
5. A certificate and custom hat will be awarded once all species of fish have been entered.
6. As of March 1, 2018, an angler may complete additional, consecutive Native Fish-Slams; however, fish for a succeeding slam cannot be caught and entered within one month after the preceding slam is finished and awarded. The same rules apply for entering into subsequent Native Fish-Slams. Only a certificate will be awarded for additional Native Fish-Slams.
7. Anglers are also encouraged to submit fish into the Nevada Trophy Fish Program if it meets the minimum weight qualification. (A separate Nevada Trophy Fish entry form must be completed.)
8. NDOW has the right to accept/reject/disqualify any entry form submitted. All decisions made by the NDOW Trophy Fish Committee (Fisheries Chief, Regional Fisheries Supervisor, and Staff Sport Fish Coordinator) are final.

**MAIL ENTRIES AND PHOTOS TO:**

Fisheries Division  
Nevada Department of Wildlife  
6980 Sierra Center Parkway, Suite 120  
Reno, NV 89511

## NEVADA TROPHY FISH ENTRY FORM

Kind of fish caught \_\_\_\_\_ Date caught \_\_\_\_\_

Weight \_\_\_\_\_ lbs. \_\_\_\_\_ oz. Length (total) inches \_\_\_\_\_ Girth inches \_\_\_\_\_

Water where caught \_\_\_\_\_ in \_\_\_\_\_ County, Nevada

Specific Location (cove name, mountain range for streams) \_\_\_\_\_

Specific Location where fish was weighed \_\_\_\_\_

Type of Tackle \_\_\_\_\_ Lure or bait \_\_\_\_\_

Name of Angler \_\_\_\_\_ Age \_\_\_\_\_

Mailing Address \_\_\_\_\_

City \_\_\_\_\_ State \_\_\_\_\_ Zip Code \_\_\_\_\_

Telephone \_\_\_\_\_ E-mail Address \_\_\_\_\_

Measurements witnessed by:

1. Name \_\_\_\_\_ Address \_\_\_\_\_

2. Name \_\_\_\_\_ Address \_\_\_\_\_

## ENTER YOUR FISH - IT MAY BE A TROPHY

The following minimum weight qualifications are established for the various species of fish in the Nevada Trophy Fish Program. Each entry which meets the minimum qualifications will receive a Trophy Fish Certificate.

1. Largemouth Bass .....	5 lbs.
2. Smallmouth Bass .....	3 lbs.
3. Spotted Bass .....	2 lbs.
4. Striped Bass .....	20 lbs.
5. White Bass .....	2 lbs.
6. Carp .....	15 lbs.
7. Bullhead Catfish .....	1 lb.
8. Channel Catfish .....	10 lbs.
9. White Catfish .....	4 lbs.
10. Black Crappie .....	2 lbs.
11. White Crappie .....	2 lbs.
12. Sacramento Perch .....	2 lbs.
13. Yellow Perch .....	0.5 lb.
14. Kokanee .....	2 lbs.
15. Bluegill .....	1 lb.
16. Green Sunfish .....	0.5 lb.
17. Pumpkinseed .....	0.5 lb.
18. Redear Sunfish .....	0.5 lb.
19. Brook Trout .....	2 lbs.
20. Brown Trout .....	5 lbs.
21. Cutthroat Trout .....	10 lbs.
22. Bull Trout .....	0.5 lb.
23. Mackinaw .....	10 lbs.
24. Rainbow Trout .....	5 lbs.
25. Rainbow/Cutthroat Hybrid Trout .....	10 lbs.
26. Tiger Trout .....	2 lbs.
27. Walleye .....	6 lbs.
28. Mt. Whitefish .....	1 lb.
29. Wiper (White/Striped Bass Hybrid) .....	5 lbs.
30. Tiger Muskie .....	10 lbs.

### For a fish to be considered in the Nevada Trophy Fish Program the following must apply:

1. Fish must be taken legally from Nevada waters.
2. Weight is to be taken of whole fish before freezing.
3. Length is to be measured from tip of nose to tip of tail.
4. Measurements must be witnessed by two other persons, at least one of whom must not be a relative of angler entering contest.
5. Angler must provide positive means of identifying the species of fish and include an adequate photograph.\*
6. Entry must be made within calendar year of date caught to be included in that year's contest.
7. **If the fish being entered is a possible Nevada State Record, the fish must be weighed on a scale which has been certified as accurate. The fish must also be witnessed by a Nevada Department of Wildlife employee.**
8. An entry form must be submitted within 60 days of the fish being caught. To be considered for the Trophy Fish Book, all entries must be submitted by Jan. 31.

\* All photos and stories submitted may be used in NDOW publications and on the agency website unless otherwise requested.

### Mail entries and photos to:

**Fisheries Division**  
Nevada Department of Wildlife  
6980 Sierra Center Parkway, Suite 120  
Reno, NV 89511



# STATE RECORD FISH OF NEVADA

SPECIES	WEIGHT		LENGTH	NAME OF WATER	NEVADA RECORD HOLDER	DATE CAUGHT	WORLD RECORD
COMMON NAME	LBS	OZS	INCHES	LAKE OR STREAM	ANGLER NAME	M/D/Y	ALL TACKLE
Bass, Largemouth	12	0	26	Lake Mead	Michael R. Geary	3/8/1999	22 lbs 4 oz
Bass, Smallmouth	8	11	21.5	Sheep Creek Reservoir	Curtis Ockerman	5/31/2010	11 lbs 15 oz
Bass, Spotted	4	6	19.75	Sparks Marina	Dante Ray	4/19/2013	11 lbs 4 oz
Bass, Striped	63	0	49	Lake Mohave	Allan S. Cole	3/15/2001	69 lbs 9 oz
Bass, White	4	0	19	Lahontan Reservoir	Greg Ackerman	5/13/1984	6 lbs 13 oz
Bluegill	3	10	15.25	Colorado River	Mike Tahash	9/14/2010	4 lbs 12 oz
Carp	35	3	38	Virginia Lake	Brenden Burnham	3/10/2020	75 lbs 11 oz
Catfish, Bullhead	6	11	21.5	Lida Junction Pond	Wayne B. Logan	6/29/2004	8 lbs 2 oz
Catfish, Channel	32	7	35.5	South Fork Reservoir	Scott Barrett	6/27/2011	58 lbs 0 oz
Catfish, White	17	4	31.75	Lahontan Reservoir	Corey Ryan	6/26/2008	19 lbs 5 oz
	17	4	33.2	Humboldt River	Jose Mendoza	9/17/2005	19 lbs 5 oz
Crappie, Black	3	5	16.5	Weber Reservoir	Lake A. Pressey	4/21/2017	5 lbs 7 oz
Crappie, White	3	1	16.1	Rye Patch Reservoir	David Lorain	6/17/2006	5 lbs 3 oz
Grayling, Arctic	0	15	13.75	Desert Creek	George Delich	7/1/1978	5 lbs 15 oz
Kokanee	4	13	25.7	Lake Tahoe	Dick Bournique	7/31/1973	9 lbs 10 oz
Mackinaw	37	6	44	Lake Tahoe	Robert Aronsen	6/21/1974	72 lbs 0 oz
Muskie, Tiger	17	10	39.75	Barth Pit	Jason A. Edgar	5/2/2002	51 lbs 3 oz
Perch, Sacramento	4	9	17	Pyramid Lake	John Battcher	7/18/1971	3 lbs 3 oz
Perch, Yellow	1	8	13.3	Dufurrena Ponds	Warren Todd Goodale	5/23/1987	4 lbs 3 oz
			13.5	Wildhorse Reservoir	John Shorter III	2/16/2019	
Pumpkinseed	0	15	10.13	Peavine Ponds	Dante Ray	8/2/2009	1 lb 8 oz
Salmon, Silver	8	12	28.5	Lake Mead	William Musso	5/9/1974	33 lbs 4 oz
	8	12	30.3	Lake Mead	Charles W. Caskey	10/25/1974	33 lbs 4 oz
Sunfish, Green	1	13	12.75	Battle Mtn. H.S. Pond	Keegan Quintana	6/23/2010	2 lbs 2 oz
Sunfish, Redear	2	5	13.75	Colorado River	Bill Condon	6/26/2004	5 lbs 12 oz
Trout, Brook	5	10	22.8	Bull Run Reservoir	Richard Baker	7/19/1980	14 lbs 8 oz
Trout, Brown	27	5	33	Cave Lake	Dennis Mangum	12/9/1984	42 lbs 1 oz
Trout, Bull	4	6	22	Jarbidge River, WF	Rex Shelburne	7/9/1985	32 lbs 0 oz
Trout, Cutthroat	24	12	33.5	Pyramid Lake	Tim Bayles	2/27/2005	41 lbs 0 oz *
Trout, Golden	0	15	14.5	Hidden Lakes	Don Capps	8/31/1969	11 lbs 0 oz
Trout, Rainbow	16	8	30.5	Ruby Lake NWR	Mike Mott	2/10/2011	48 lbs 0 oz
Trout, Rainbow x Cutthroat	24	10	36	Pyramid Lake	Lloyd Lowery	4/3/1976	34 lbs 11 oz
Trout, Tiger	15	9	28	Ruby Lake NWR	Joe Elegante	3/20/2011	20 lbs 13 oz
Walleye	15	4	33	Lahontan Reservoir	Billy Foster	4/10/1998	25 lbs 0 oz
Whitefish, Mountain	3	9	18.5	Truckee River	Kirill Solovykh	9/11/2011	5 lbs 8 oz
Wiper, White x Striped Bass	25	9	33	Lahontan Reservoir	Adam Truran	6/6/2009	27 lbs 5 oz

**NOTE:** These records are officially recognized by the Nevada Department of Wildlife as state records established from the year 1968, the first year of the Nevada Trophy Fish Program through December 2020. These records include fish taken in interstate waters including Lake Tahoe, Topaz Lake, Lake Mead, Lake Mohave and the Colorado River. It is recognized that some species of fish of larger size have been caught from Nevada waters prior to 1968.

World Record data was obtained from the International Game Fish Association's World Record Game Fishes 2020 edition.

\* The recognized world record Cutthroat trout of 41 pounds was caught from Pyramid Lake in 1925.

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